# Bellefonte Republican.

Watchman

Established In 1860} "Let Us See To it that A Government of the People, for the People and by the People, Shall Not perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. TERMS: $1.00 Per Year

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## Centre County Fair, Bellefonte, Pa., Oct. 16, 17, 18 & 19, 1900==Admission 25c==One Fare Excursion Rates.

## BURNED AT THE STAKE.

### Horrible Death Meted Out to a Colored Man in Alabama.

### HUNTED DOWN BY BLOODHOUNDS

**Had Attempted to Assault a Woman and It Was Her Husband Who Afterward Set Fire to the Brands About the Body.**

### HE CONFESSED TO THE CRIME

WETUMPKA, Ala., Oct. 3.—Winfield Townsend, alias Floyd, a negro, was burned at the stake in the little town of Eclectic, 15 miles from this place, a half hour after midnight Tuesday morning. The crime with which he was charged was an attempted assault upon Mrs. Lonnie Harrington, whose husband set fire to the brands which reduced Townsend's body to ashes. Monday afternoon about 1 o'clock the negro, a nephew of the negro Floyd, who was hung in the Wetumpka jail week before last for attempted assault attempted to outrage Mrs. Harrington.

Mr. Harrington was engaged at a cottin gin in Eclectic and lives one mile out of town. The negro came to the house and told Mrs. Harrington that her husband had sent him to get 20 cents from her. She told him she had no change Then the negro left, but returned in about 10 minutes. The woman's screams were heard by Bob Nichols, another negro, who was passing along the road at the time. He ran to the house in time to see the negro escape. As soon as Mrs. Harrington was brought back to consciousness Nichols gave the alarm.

The news spread rapidly. All the stores in Eclectic were closed, all the gins and saw mills shut down; the people left their wagons in the road and their plows in the field and gathered for a pursuit of the negro. The crowd divided, some scouring the woods near the scene of the crime and others went to the penitentiary for bloodhounds. The dogs were not brought to the scene until nearly dark. They were taken to where the negro's tracks disappeared and an exciting chase ensued. The dogs stopped finally at a tree in front of Odion's store on the outskirts of the town.

The crowd coming up soon discovered the negro sitting on a limb. He was brought down at once and taken to the scene of his crime. There he was confronted by his victim who positively identified him. Word was sent to the other searching parties that the negro had been found and about 11 o'clock a crowd of several hundred was in the little village. The negro was then taken to the edge of the village and surrounded by the mob. He shivered with fear. The preparations for death was quickly made. A rope was flung over the limb of a big oak and a hundred stood ready to lend a hand at the rope.

Then a halt was called and the manner of death discussed by the mob. To decide the matter a vote was taken and the ballot showed a majority of the crowd to favor death at the stake. The stake was prepared and the negro was bound to it with chains. Pine knots were piled about him and the flames were fired by the husband of the negro's victim. As they leaped to the wretch's flesh, his wild cries upon God for mercy and help could be heard for miles. The crowd looked on deaf to his cries and in an hour the negro was reduced to ashes.

Townsend, before being bound, confessed the crime and said he was also implicated with Alexander Floyd, who was hung a couple of weeks ago for an attempted assault on Miss Kate Pearson.

**The Triennial Assessment.**

The County Commissioners have placed assessor's supplies for the Triennial assessment in the hands of the assessors. This being the assessment of real as well as personal property, the Board of Commissioners have issued strict instructions to the assessors concerning the fixing of values on property. The Act of Assembly regulating the assessment requires that all property, real or personal, shall be assessed "according to the actual value thereof, and at such price as the same would separately and in good faith sell," for an assessor to neglect or refuse to do so is a misdemeanor, punishable by fine and imprisonment. Assessors are sworn to comply with these instructions, and should use his best judgment in all matters pertaining to the same.

—The ladies of Lock Haven will hold a big fair in the armory at that place commencing this Thursday evening and ending Saturday, Oct. 13th. All kinds of fancy articles will be on sale. The proceeds are for the benefit of the building of the Lock Haven hospital.

**SUICIDE AT LINDEN HALL.**

**John Cummings a Prosperous Farmer Ends Life by Hanging.**

The little village of Linden Hall, this county, received a severe shock Sunday noon when the news became known of the death by suicide of John Cummings, a prosperous farmer of that vicinity.

John Cummings resided on his farm about a mile from the town and was one of the well to do men of that locality. Saturday evening he was out to call on a neighbor and was apparently in good spirits. Sunday about the middle of the forenoon he told his wife that he guessed he would go up stairs to his room and lay down. When dinner was ready Mrs. Cummings went to the foot of stairs and called her husband but receiving no answer she went up to the room and was surprised to find it unoccupied. She noticed the attic door was standing ajar and going up the steps was horrified to find her husband hanging by the neck from a rope attached to a rafter. The lady was terribly frightened and running from the house she hastened to the neighbors for assistance. On returning to the unfortunate man it was found he was quite dead and had been so for some time.

The cause for this awful deed is beyond question due to an unbalanced mind. A good many years ago he was out of his mind and was confined in an asylum for some time but was finally discharged as cured. Several months ago he went away on a visit and was taken sick and has never since been the same man. He acted strangely and it was evident to his family and friends that he was of an unbalanced mind. Just a week ago last Friday he made an unsuccessful attempt at suicide by taking paris green and pounded glass.

Cummings was a man between forty-five and fifty years of age. He was married to a Miss Meyers, whose family reside near Millheim. He was a member of the Evangelical church and was in every way an exemplary citizen. He was prosperous and surrounded by pleasant family ties and nothing but despondency caused by ill health and a weakened mind could have caused him to take his own life.

He is survived by a wife and seven children.

**John Gill, Aged 19 Years, of Huntingdon, Commits Suicide.**

HUNTINGDON, Pa., Oct. 1.—Despondent from some cause, but to the members of his family and friends unknown, John Gill, the 19-year-old son of John Gill, the tailor, committed suicide last Thursday night by sending a bullet through his brain. Although for some time past the young man had repeatedly and openly declared in the presence of companions that he would eventually take his own life, little or no attention was paid to his declarations, but last Thursday night's act proved that he had not been making idle threats.

For the commission of the deed the suicide selected a 44-calibre revolver, and the scene was a dark alley at the rear of the opera house block, in the central part of town. Few people were in the neighborhood at the time, but the report of the pistol shot brought several men to the scene who were attracted to the dying man on account of his moaning.

With little ceremony he was carried to his home six blocks away. Signs of life were still present, but the young man was unconscious. Within two hours. he breathed his last.

**Alleged Counterfeiters Arrested.**

CLEARFIELD, Pa., Oct. 1.—The past 2 months Clearfield county has been flooded with counterfeit money, mostly silver dollars and half dollars. Friday Secret Service Agents W. J. Flynn, T. F. Berriman and L. W. Gammon arrested Jas. N. Wilson, Verd Wilson, J. W. Bigler and Jas. Wynkoop. The trio were arrested 10 miles from here on the mountains near Penfield, brought to Clearfield and lodged in jail. A few counterfeit dollars were found at Wynkoop's place together with moulds and other necessary parephernalia for their illegal work.

**Killed at Binan.**

General McArthur's last cable dispatch of the casualties in the American army contains the name of David Allen, killed at Binan, Luzon, Sept. 4. He was a Tyrone boy and aged 26 years the 27th of last April. He enlisted at Harrisburg in the summer of 1899 in Co. M, Twenty-seventh volunteer infantry, and left for the Philippines Oct. 5, 1899. His father, James Allen, has been dead for several years. His mother, a daughter of the late Augustus McClain, now Mrs. Edward B. Hamel, removed from Tyrone to Windber with the family a few months ago.

The REPUBLICAN and New York Weekly Tribune one year for only $1.25.

## MINERS ARE FIRM!

### Have Not Accepted the Proposition of Operators.

### NONE HAVE RETURNED TO WORK

**Important meeting of Operators Held at Wilkesbarre—Situation in All its Phases Discussed.**

### STRIKERS MAKE A STATEMENT

HAZLETON, Pa., Oct. 1.—The posting by the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Co., of a notice granting an increase of 10 per cent. to all the employes of its 39 collieries in the Schuylkill Valley did not cause any apparent commotion at the headquarters of the United Mine Workers here Sunday. President Mitchell did not know of the notice of the Reading Co., until informed of it by a reporter for the Associated Press. He did not express the least surprise. He refused to discuss the advance, but it is understood that he knew the 10 per cent. increase would be made and was anxious to see in what manner the information would be conveyed to to the men.

The action of the Reading Co., indirectly notifying its men through posters, strongly indicates that the operators will not recede from their position of a refusal to recognize the union.

What President Mitchell's first move will be in view of this new phase of the situation is not known. "The operators are evidently not taking me into consideration," he said, "but they will wish they had." Discussing the question of a compromise, the national president said it would depend upon circumstances whether a compromise would be considered. When asked if the amount of increase would be one of the circumstances he said it would be a consideration.

There is considerable talk to the effect that the posting of the notices will cause a break in the strikers' ranks. It is predicted that if this does happen, it would mean the end of the strike in a very short time.

The usual Sabbath quiet prevailed throughout the Lehigh valley Sunday. A big mass meeting was held at Freeland which was addressed by President Mitchell and National Committeeman Dilcher. At Lansford, in the Panther Creek valley last night a mass meeting was held which was addressed by National Committeemen Benjamin James. The strikers are making a strong effort to get all the men, about 2,000, now working in the Panther Creek valley to quit. Last night 6 omnibus loads of McAdoo strikers went to that valley and attended the meeting. It is reported that a number of men will go to that locality today for the purpose of inducing the non-strikers to leave the mines. Gen. Gobin and sheriff Toole have been asked for protection by the companies operating the mines.

G. B. Markle & Co., have posted a notice at all of the firm's collieries to the effect that in accordance with the report of the committee of employes presented Saturday night that the arbitration agreement between the firm and the men has been broken, the contract is ended.

The firm also announces that it will start up all its collieries Monday morning and afford any of its employes an opportunity to work so long as the collieries are sufficiently manned to operate them to the firm's satisfaction. The notice also says the present rate of wages will continue until further notice.

WILKESBARRE, Pa. October 2. The coal operators of the Wyoming, Lackawanna and Lehigh Valley regions held an important meeting in this city Monday afternoon. W. A. Lathrop, general superintendent of the Lehigh Valley company, presided. Two companies were represented.

The whole situation was thoroughly discussed, nearly all present taking part in the same. The powder question was the chief subject of debate, and next came the recognition of the union. So far as can be learned none of the operators were in favor of recognizing the union in any way.

The meeting lasted from 2 until 6 p. m. Last evening W. A. Lathrop, the chairman of the meeting, gave out the following:

Lehigh Valley Coal Company, Wilkesbarre, Pa., October 1, 1900.—Notice: This company makes the following announcement to its mine employes: It will adjust its rates of wages so as to pay to its mine employes on and after October 1, a net increase of 10 per cent. on the wages heretofore received; and will take up with its mine employes any grievances which they may have.

(Signed) W. A. LATHROP,
General Superintendent.

Notice.—It is understood in the foregoing that powder will be sold to miners for $1.50 per keg, and that the difference between this rate and the old rate of $2.75 shall be taken into account in figuring the net advance of 10 per cent. noted above for this class of labor.

Similar notices to the above will be posted by all the other companies represented at the meeting. The strikers say under no circumstances will they accept the offer. They claim it is not as good an offer as the Reading company made to its men.

The operators will make no further move until they hear from the men.

At United Mine Workers' headquarters the following statement was given out:

What we want is:

First. A better enforcement of existing mine laws.

Second. To obtain that which is fully our own, i. e., the value of labor actually performed and hitherto taken from us.

Third. To obtain the right to purchase our implements of labor at a fair market value and escape from the compulsory rule which forces us to pay the operators more than twice what the same materials can be purchased for at retail in the open market.

Fourth. To allow a readjustment of the wage scale that will nearly conform to the normal conditions of the anthracite trade and establish as nearly as practicable a uniform price for each class of work in and around the mines.

The strikers say until these concessions are granted and the union recognized they will not return to work.

**ROBERT H. WARING, ESQ.**

**An Old Pioneer Dies at His Home Near Tyrone.**

After an illness extending over the past year, Robert Waring, Esq., residing near Tyrone, died on Sunday afternoon of sarcoma, aged nearly eighty years. The deceased was born in England, but in his boyhood came to this country with his sister. Arriving in New York he became an apprentice at carpentering under his uncle, Edmund Waring. During his residence there he witnessed the terrible fire, December 16, 1835, which laid in ashes a large portion of New York city. April 26, 1836, he left the metropolis, coming to Philipsburg, where he worked for another uncle, John Shaw, on a farm belonging to his grandfather, William Waring, Sr., who had come to America from England in the same year that the subject of this sketch was born. Robert continued at farm work, near Philipsburg and near Boalsburg, until 1843-44, when he visited England. After his return he became associated with his brother, William Griffith Waring, in the nursery business near Oak Hall, and ever after he continued in that line of activity, establishing a branch near Tyrone. The deceased is survived by two sons and two daughters, and a big circle of relatives.

**Fell Forty Feet.**

Boyd Shoemaker, of near Swissdale, brother of Dr. Shoemaker, of Lock Haven, met with a serious accident, near Mackeyville, Monday night. In company with Samuel Shoemaker, of Salona, and John Probst, of Lock Haven, he was in that vicinity on a coon hunting expedition. The men succeeded in chasing three coons up a tree. Boyd climbed the tree and succeeded in knocking the animals to the ground, where they were killed by the men below.

Boyd, after shaking the third coon down, lost his balance, and fell to the ground, a distance of forty feet. His fall was broken somewhat by the limbs of the tree through which he crashed, but notwithstanding this check, he alighted on the ground so hard that he was unable to rise. He was conveyed to the home of his brother, where an examination revealed that he was completely paralyzed from the hips down. After lying in a helpless condition all night, Tuesday morning he felt a slight return of sensation in the one leg, which gives rise to the hope that he may recover from the accident. The injured man is about 26 years old and has a family.

—900 men in Williamsport are out of employment and 8 big sawmills are standing idle because 80,000,000 feet of logs are stranded along the West Branch and its tributaries. The last freshet was about the middle of March, at which time less than half of the season's cut of logs floated into the Williamsport boom, leaving the remainder of the stock high and dry on the banks of the streams until today, at some points, the barkless sticks lie whitening in the sun 15 feet above the edge of the diminished waterways.

—The Soldier's Memorial Society of Wayne twp., Clinton county, has fixed Thursday, Oct. 11, as the date for unveiling the handsome monument erected in memory of the soldier dead of that section.

## OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

### From Our Regular Correspondent at the Nation's Capital.

### SECRETARY OF STATE HAY RETURNS

**Is in Close Touch With President McKinley in his Chinese Policy—Bright Prospects for McKinley in the West.**

### BRYAN SAYS "I AM THE DEMOCRACY

From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, Oct. 2nd, 1900.

Secretary Hay will this week return to Washington and resume his duties at the head of the department of State. This will effectually dispose of the long line of democratic stories about his not being in accord with President McKinley on the Chinese policy of this government. As a matter of fact, Secretary Hay has kept in close touch with every move made by this government since he went away for a needed rest and has been constantly consulted by the President; and as another matter of fact, the policy of this government in China has not been changed in the slightest degree since it was first announced last July, to the powers in a diplomatic communication signed by Secretary Hay, as may be seen by any one who will take the trouble to procure and read a copy of that note, which was published in all the daily newspapers.

Senator Warren, of Wyoming, brought good news from the states west of Missouri river to Washington. He says that while only two of them went for McKinley 4 years ago, 6 of them are certain to do so this year—California, Oregon, Washington, Wyoming, South Dakota and Kansas—and 6 more—Nebraska, Colorado, Nevada, Montana, Idaho and Utah, may do so. Senator Warren was with Gov. Roosevelt's party for awhile, and he said that the governor's trip, which has aroused an unusual lot of enthusiasm, nearly everywhere he has spoken, has done a wonderful lot of good, not only by waking up Republicans, but by making converts of those who were in doubt as to how they would vote. He says the Republican party was never in better fighting trim in the west than it is right now.

The New York State Republican club is one of the most enthusiastic of the state organizations in Washington. The following quotations from speeches made at its regular weekly meeting, are both apt and interesting: W. C. Connor, of New York, "The great paramount issue of the Democratic party is the greatest fake issue ever foisted before the American people. Not one step has been taken by our President but what has been strictly within the limits of constitutional power. There is no imperialism under the stars and stripes and there never will be." J. J. Weed, of Vt.—"People can only judge from the past. We know what the Democratic party, with free trade under Grover Cleveland, did, and we also know what the republicans have done in the last three years and a half, and I know all of us are satisfied that only by casting our vote for William McKinley can the present unprecedented prosperity be continued." Hon. Irving Dungan, of Ohio, who was a democratic representative at the same time Mr. Bryan was. "In the last 3 and one half years, more prosperity and trade have come to the country than at any other time in 100 years. Bryan admits this himself and cannot account for it. We are now a lending country, and when the democratic party went out of power we were borrowers. Expansion is here, and the only thing to do is for the American people to keep in front that splendid man they placed in the White House 4 years ago.

Senator Shoup has written friends in Washington expressing strong hope of a republican victory in Idaho, and similar letters are being received from Montana republicans concerning that state.

That Mr. Bryan is managing his own campaign, one clever cartoonist makes him constantly say, "I am the democracy," has been apparent in Washington for some time. Speaking of it, Col. A. J. Ross, of Indiana, said: "It is common talk about the headquarters of both political committees that Bryan has practically taken the management of the democratic campaign ont of the hands of chairman Jones. Jones, it is said, has been reduced to the position of a clerk, who issues orders for the carrying out of plans laid by Bryan."

Those familiar with conditions in Kentucky believe that the election of Hon. J. G. Carlisle, who was Cleveland's Secretary of the Treasury, to be President of the New York Lawyers' Sound Money Club, which declared in a resolution "that in our opinion, the defeat of Bryan and Stevenson is essential to the permanent and efficient maintenance of the gold standard of values in this country," makes it a dead certainty that Kentucky will be carried by McKinley and Roosevelt. It is admitted by Kentuckians who are supporting Bryan that Mr. Carlisle has a tremendous influence with the rank and file of the democratic party in the state.

Assistant Secretary Meiklejohn, now Acting Secretary of War, returned from a short campaign trip in Nebraska, his home state, several days ago. He says there is the strongest sort of a drift throughout the state, owing to the great prosperity of the farmers, toward the republican party, and that every indication now points to the state going republican by a good majority Mr. Meiklejohn will return to Nebraska next week and resume his work in the campaign.

**General Palmer Laid to Rest.**

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Sept. 29.—That last bugle call—"taps"—sounded over a soldier's grave at Carlinville Thursday afternoon when the body of General and former Senator John McAuley Palmer was laid away. Full Masonic and military services were held.

All state offices were closed and, despite inclement weather, a large number of friends assembled at the family residence. Veterans of both the Civil and Spanish-American wars, state officials and members of the legal fraternity were largely represented.

After brief services by Rev. Dr. Euclid B. Rodgers, pastor of the Central Baptist church of Springfield, of which church General Palmer had for years been a member, the casket was placed on a special train and taken to Carlinville for interment. Here the Masonic and Grand Army of the Republic services were held at the grave.

**Miss Clara Barton Ill.**

Clara Barton, president of the Red Cross Society, who had been in Texas distributing relief supplies, was taken sick while ministering to the victims of the Galveston storm. She succumbed like a soldier at her post and is seriously ill. She left for her home in Washington, retiring from the field only on the imperative orders of her physicians.

Miss Barton was taken ill at a conference in her rooms at the Tremont hotel, Galveston, with her staff of nine gathered about her. She had just finished an outline of her work, assigning each member of her staff to a particular part of the work.

**Free Delivery in Centre County.**

Rural free delivery has been established in Centre county. The route selected is in Penns Valley, with Centre Hall the starting point. The trip will include almost all of Potter township, taking in a circuit of about 20 miles. One trip will be made daily. The contract for carrying mail has been awarded to Ed. Nearhood, for $500 per year.

By the introduction of the rural delivery system in that section of the county two or more small postoffices will be abolished and it is estimated that in the long run the innovation will be a saving to the government of about $200.

**New Lumber Firm.**

Messrs. Fiedler & Swartwood, two energetic young men near Rebersburg, Pa., have purchased several tracts of timber land and a saw mill and have branched out in the lumber business for themselves. They are manufacturers of and dealers in lumber of all kinds and are able to compete with any other manufacturers when price and quality of lumber are considered. They make a specialty of making staves of all kinds.

**Sheriff Spangler Chased.**

Ex-Sheriff Spangler scrambled for dear life to get out of the jaws of an old sow the other day, and as a result he wears a plaster on his nose that covers two-thirds of that important member. The sheriff climbed into the pig pen for some purpose and was viciously attacked by the brute, and it took the greatest effort of the sheriff and the assistance of his good wife to get out of the pen without being seriously injured.—Centre Hall Reporter.

**Where Locomotive Firemen Will Meet.**

At the session of the convention of the Brotherhood of Locomotive firemen at Des Moines, Ia., Friday of last week, Chattanooga, Tenn., was selected as the place for holding the next meeting which takes place in 1902. The two week's session concluded Saturday, September 22nd.

—Miss Clerc, daughter of Rev. Francis J. Clerc, rector of St. Paul's church at Philipsburg, died Sunday of Typhoid fever. The funeral took place Monday afternoon.

## Additional Locals.

—Have you paid your county tax yet?

—A black bear was seen up along Spring Creek one day last week.

—James Whittaker of Bellefonte, has been granted a pension of six dollars per month.

—A newly discovered cave at Mapleton has been explored for a distance of 1,500 feet, without reaching the end.

—Hi Henry's great minstrels and superb band and orchestra will appear at Garman's opera house next Friday night.

—The revival of the Centre county fair is going to be popular. Every indication points to the fact that large crowds will be in attendance.

—A man living on Marsh creek became involved in a quarrel at Snow Shoe Monday evening, during which a bottle was broken over his face. He was badly cut.

—On Wednesday the 26th, an examination was held by the local civil service board. One applicant Will Howley was examined for the position of postal clerk.

—Gen. Joe Wheeler says we send soldiers to the "firing line" before they know how to load and fire their rifles properly or to hit what they shoot at, and asks, very rightly, that the practice be changed.

—The present dry season, as very many will remember, is very much like experienced in this section in the fall of 1879. It is to be hoped, however, that the drought will not be as prolonged as was that one.

—Of the former United Brethren ministers of this county who have been sent to other appointments by the recent conference are W. H. Blackburn, Johnstown; R. L. Erhard, Claysville and G. W. Eminhizer to Springfield.

—The practice that many boys have of jumping on and off the cars, in the neighborhood of the station, especially passenger trains, is one that may prove very serious to some of them and should be stopped before serious results follow.

—Millheim is threatened with a water famine and the advocates of a borough plant are getting in long argumentative strokes. Fully 80 per cent of the wells in the town are dry and many of the people are boiling the water from Elk creek for domestic purposes.

—At a meeting of the Bryan club on Wednesday evening a set of resolutions were adopted upon the death of J. W. Alexander Esq., a vice president of the organization. W. H. Noll, of Pleasant Gap, was chosen to fill the vacancy. Several short addresses were made.

—C. Wesley Daugherty, a resident of Scotia, reports that wild pigeons are to be seen by the thousands at that place. They are more numerous than they have been for many years. He states that he sees two or three thousand every day. Of course this is not actual count.

—Clifford Held, a boy of five years of age, was badly scalded at noon Wednesday at the home of Charles Harter, in Loganton. The coffee was being served at the dinner table when the accident occurred and the little fellow is badly scalded about the face, neck and arms.

—Hon. Fred Kurtz and wife, moved their household goods from Centre Hall to this place Monday, and will occupy the house on Allegheny St., recently vacated by Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Sheffer. Mr. Kurtz will hereafter give his attention to the editorial department of the *Centre Democrat*.

—Reuben J. Gardner of Factoryville, Pa., a student at State College was seriously injured by a fall one day last week. He was working on a ladder in the Mechanical Art building when he fell to the floor, a distance of about sixteen feet, striking his head and rendering him unconscious. His parents were sent for and they arrived later with a trained nurse to care for him. It is greatly feared a clot is forming on the brain.

—The people in the vicinity of St. Lawrence, Cambria county, are jubilant over the finding of a splendid vein of coal near that place. Michael Niebauer, who lives near the town, has made an opening and has been rewarded by finding a vein seven feet, ten inches, with one inch of binder. The coal is said to be of a very excellent quality and no doubt steps will soon be taken to mine it and place it on the market.

—While ripping boards for flooring at his plaining mill at Millheim, last week, A. F. Harter met with an accident which might have been very serious. A piece of edging about four feet in length was hurled at him and struck his hand, which partly broke the force and also the stick in such a manner that the upper part struck him on the breast, tearing its way through his clothing and piercing his right lung. Mr. Harter is now progressing nicely, although he experiences considerable trouble in breathing.

### Heart Relief in Half an Hour.

A lady in New York state, writing of her cure by Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart, says: "I feel like one brought back from the dead, so great was my suffering from heart trouble and so almost miraculous my recovery through the agency of this powerful treatment. I owe my life to it."—10

For sale by F. Potts Green.

—A citizen to vote at the election this fall must have paid a state or county tax within two years. The last day for paying taxes is Friday, October 5. d-tf


## What Makes the Home?

Not the house, however fine it may be; not its furniture, pictures and appointments. The wife and mother makes the home, and to speak of going home means to go back into the shelter of the mother's love and care.

And when womanly ills sap the mother's strength, the home-life suffers. The food is not cooked as she cooks it.

Everywhere the lack of wifely supervision and motherly thoughtfulness is apparent.

What a change, then, when this wife and mother comes back to take her old place in the family. Thousands of women who, because of womanly ills, had been shut out of home life and home happiness, have been enabled to once more take their place in the family after being cured by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It establishes regularity, dries weakening drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness. It makes weak women strong, sick women well.

"I commenced taking your 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Golden Medical Discovery' about the 10th of last December, one year ago," writes Mrs. Eliza Wright, of Mountainview, Howell Co., Missouri. "I have been very slow about writing to you, although I am thankful I am here to-day and have the privilege of saying I thank you a thousand times for your kind advice. I can truthfully say that it was through your kind advice and your medicine and the will of the Lord that I am living to-day; I am in better health than I have been for three years. I have taken one-half dozen bottles of each medicine. I am able to do my washing for four in family, and all my housework, cooking and milking. In fact, I feel like a new woman.",

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation and its almost countless consequences. They do not react on the system nor beget the pill habit.


### OLD MOORE'S PREDICTION.

#### A Famous Almanac Maker's Predictions for 1901.

In his London almanac for 1900 "Old Moore" predicted more than one great war, the assassination of a monarch, and a terrible famine in India, and, says the New York Herald, as all these predictions proved true, many persons, not only in Europe but also in this country, have been for some time curious to know what kind of predictions he would make in his almanace for 1901. Their curiosity can now be satisfied, for his almanac for the coming year has just appeared.

Here are the principal predictions in it:

In Jan. there will be a formidable agitation in France and a severe attack will be made upon the republic.

In Feb. and March most notable events will take place in the extreme east, and India will threaten to rise up against the British domination.

Though there will be trouble in various quarters during the entire year, April will be a comparatively quiet month.

In May Ireland will follow the example of India and will rebel against England.

In June the anarchists will again come to the front and will give the world much to talk about. During the same month the young king of Spain will be in danger from his political enemies, and he is cautioned to guard against them.

July will be a month for catastrophes, the whole world being threatened at this time with misfortunes of various kinds. Those who are planning to take a journey during this month will do well to remain at home.

August will be comparatively quiet.

During Sept. India will again suffer terribly from famine.

During Oct. the dervishes will start an agitation, which may attain formidable proportions.

During Nov. the kingdom of Holland will attract attention by its dangerous and novel diplomatic policy, and the statesmen in the various foreign offices will have to exercise all their skill if they would avoid a conflict.

In Dec. there will be insurrections, revolts and strikes in various quarters of the globe. As a rule they may not be of great importance, yet they will occur at this time, and they will be the striking features of the month.

As will be seen, "Old Moore's" predictions for 1901 are startling, to say the least. His statement in regard to Holland is especially curious, and many persons are puzzling their brains to discover how this little kingdom can ever manage to attract attention by a "dangerous and novel diplomatic policy" which will cause European statemen to lie awake at night.

### Little Girl Saved Her Life.

To a 10 year old girl's presence of mind Clara Reilly owes her life. Miss Reilly, who is a domestic, was engaged in boiling apple butter at Williamsport, when her clothing caught fire. Her screams summoned Mary Stiltz, who grasped an old piece of carpet, and rushing to the burning woman, threw it around her. Then picking up a bucket filled with water she emptied the contents over Miss Reilly and put out the flames.

### This State Ranks Second.

The state of Pennsylvania, according to the census of 1900, still retains its record as the state with the second largest population in 1890 was 5,258,014, a gain of 975,123 over that of 1880. The returns from cities which have thus far come to hand show a large increase, and experts say that the increase will reach a million. This will bring the population to more than 6,250,000.

AMERICAN "shirt-sleeve diplomacy" has upset some European plans in China.

## ROOSEVELT ASSAULTED.

### Toughs Almost Precipitated a Riot Near Cripple Creek.

### WERE ORGANIZED FOR THE PURPOSE

**Rough Riders Save the Vice Presidential Candidate from Possibly Being Badly Beaten by the Gang.**

### PROBABLY 1500 EXCITED PEOPLE

CRIPPLE CREEK, Col. Sept. 27.—Gov. Roosevelt had a most exciting experience Wednesday at Victor, a few miles from Cripple Creek, among the mines, where a demonstrative crowd had assembled. The governor had a narrow escape from serious personal violence. The incident was the only one of the kind that has occurred during the progress of the trip, and it is said that the trouble was occasioned by a small body of roughs who had been organized and paid for the purpose of breaking up the meeting. The men engaged were few in number, but very violent in their attack.

Gov. Roosevelt spoke at Armory hall, which was filled. He had hardly begun speaking when he was interrupted by noisy demonstrations. He said:

"In my state the men who were put on the committee on platform to draw up an anti-trust platform at the Kansas City convention had at that time their pockets stuffed with ice trust stock. The democratic leader in New York, Richard Croker, upon whom you base your only hope, and it is a mighty slim hope, too, was another great stockholder, and if, in fact, you were to read through the list of stockholders in that trust it would sound like reading the roll of the members of Tammany hall."

A voice cried: "What about the rotten beef?"

The governor replied: "I ate it and you will never get close enough to be hit by a bullet or within 5 miles of it.

Gov. Roosevelt succeeded in finishing his remarks, although there was an evident intention among those present that he should not do so. When the governor left the hall with his party to go toward the train, he was surrounded by a crowd of Rough Riders, commanded by Sherman Bell, one of his old soldiers in the Spanish war. He was also accompanied by Gen. Curtis Guild Jr., of Boston; John Proctor Clark, of New York; Gen. Irving Hale, of Colorado; United States Senator Wolcott, Frank C. Goudy, candidate for governor, of Colorado; Percy S. Rider, candidate for lieutenant governor; A. M. Stevenson and several others.

Gov. Roosevelt and his party were on foot. A crowd of men and boys began throwing stones and shouting for Bryan. The Rough Riders, mounted and unmounted, closed in around the governor to protect him from assault by the mob. One made a personal attack upon Gov. Roosevelt and succeeded in striking him a blow in the breast. The assailant was knocked down by P. M. Sullivan, postmaster of Cripple Creek. A rush was then made by the mob to drag the mounted men in khaki uniform from their horses. The men on foot, also in khaki, closed around the governor, making a wedge which pushed through the crowd, and they finally succeeded in gaining the train, which was surrounded by the mob.

By this time there were probably 1,000 or 1,500 excited people in the vicinity and fisticuffs were exchanged on all sides. Many of the men were armed with sticks and clubs, some with rotten potatoes, stale eggs and lemons. The entire party regained the train, however, without serious injury and it pulled out of the place with the rough riders on the rear platform.

Gov. Roosevelt, while regretting the occurrence, was not disturbed by the incident and was ready to proceed with his speech in Cripple Creek.


## NO USE TRYING

I can't take plain cod-liver oil. Doctor says, try it. He might as well tell me to melt lard or butter and try to take them. It is too rich and will upset the stomach. But you can take milk or cream, so you can take

## Scott's Emulsion

It is like cream; but will feed and nourish when cream will not. Babies and children will thrive and grow fat on it when their ordinary food does not nourish them.

Persons have been known to gain a pound a day when taking an ounce of Scott's Emulsion. It gets the digestive machinery in working order so that the ordinary food is properly digested and assimilated.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.



## Hidden Beauty

In Egypt the custom is for Princesses to hide their beauty by covering the lower part of the face with a veil. In America the beauty of many of our women is hidden because of the weakness and sickness peculiar to the sex. If the Egyptian custom prevailed in this country, many sufferers would be glad to cover their premature wrinkles, their sunken cheeks, their unhealthy complexion, from the eyes of the world with the veil of the Orient.

## Bradfield's Female Regulator

brings out a woman's true beauty. It makes her strong and well in those organs upon which her whole general health depends. It corrects all menstrual disorders. It stops the drains of Leucorrhœa. It restores the womb to its proper place. It removes the causes of headache, backache and nervousness. It takes the poor, debilitated, weak, haggard, fading woman and puts her on her feet again, making her face beautiful by making her body well.

Druggists sell it for $1 a bottle.

Send for our free illustrated book for women.

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.


### A Letter from the Philippines.

Jesse M. Underwood son of Zeph Underwood of this place, now a member of Co. *D*, 47th Reg. U. S. Regulars doing duty in the far off Philippines writes a very interesting letter to his father which will be read with much pleasure by Jesse's many friends and acquaintance. The letter reads as follows:

Donsal, P. I., July 15th, 1900.

DEAR FATHER:

We have not received any mail for a month.

I suppose you had a good time on the 4th, or at least a good dinner. It is 7 months since I had a square meal, but I have good health, I weigh 142 lbs. which is more than ever I weighed. The Bellefonte boys are all well.

Talk about "Dreyfus," "Cronje" and others being sent to desolate islands, but you bet none of them are in a worse place than we are, but we volunteered to come here.

I will give you a little account of a "bike" two of us took the other day among the hills looking for a general who had been located. He was next in command to Gen. Powwow who surrendered to Col. Howe a short time ago. Another fellow and myself left here early on Tuesday morning with a guide to try to pick him up. After we had gone 8 or 10 miles our guide said we were nearing them but he did not know their exact location.

I called to a woman whom we saw a little way off, and told her what our business was and that she must guide us to his house or we would shoot her. She preferred to act as guide.

After a good deal more "biking" we came in sight of his house, but it had guards all around it. We crawled up close to the front and shot the guard nearest to us. The bluff worked perfect and the rest run. Our orders were "dead or alive."

The Gen. then came out and surrendered like a lamb, somewhat to our regret for his head was just as valuable to us as his living body. Then our trouble began. Having secured our game the next move was to get back to camp with as little delay as possible. It occurred to us that we were not far from the bay, where every house has 2 or 3 "bancoes" (boats) so we struck for the water, which took us about 3 hours as we did not dare follow the paths, but we got there and was not long in finding a boat. We had not gotten over 300 yards from shore when we received a shower of bullets but we were soon out of vance. We got back here safe that night with our game. At one time I thought we were gone, as about 100 of the enemy passed within 10 yards of us. The major says we shall both be rewarded but I don't know what it will be.

I want no more trips like that but the captain asked me to go and I would not back down. But I am not at all sorry now that I went, even if I get nothing for it, in this way you get into the good graces of the officers which is worth a good deal sometimes. Hoping this will find you all well I remain as ever,

CORP. JESSE M. UNDERWOOD,
Co. D, 47th Reg. U. S. V.

### An Early Morning Blaze.

About half past three o'clock Thursday morning the people of Bellefonte, were aroused from their slumbers by the alarm of fire. Upon investigation it proved to be the large frame repair car shops, of the Bellefonte Central Railroad Co., at Coleville in Spring twp. The fire, which is supposed to be of incendiary origin raged fiercely for a while, but was soon under control.

Joseph Frye the watchman was busy cleaning his engine when he saw a light at the far corner of the building which at first he thought to be a reflection from the furnace, as soon as he discovered his mistake, he turned in an alarm which was responded to by many willing hands. The building was totally destroyed together with one 50,000 lbs capacity Gondola car and a passenger car partly ruined. The total loss is estimated at about $4000, partly covered by insurance.

A Virginian has obtained a divorce on the ground of "mutual weariness." Lots of families would be broken up if that should be generally accepted as good ground for a divorce.

## THE BUSINESS WORLD.

### It Watches the Progress of the Great Coal Strike

### EFFECT NOTICEABLE IN ORDERS

**Settlement of the Iron and Steel Troubles Has a Good Effect on Business Generally and Means More Work.**

### FAILURES FOR THE PAST WEEK

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—R. G. Dun & Co's Weekly Review of Trade today says:

Not Wall street alone, but the entire business world as well, watch the progress of the efforts to bring about a settlement of the anthracite coal strike with active interest. This week the paralysis of the anthracite industry was more complete than last, and the effect was seen upon the distribution of merchandise in the east and the placing of new orders with manufacturers. Coal advanced 25 cents above last week and the larger companies refused to name a selling price.

The strike involved about 15,000 more miners and hundreds of trainmen, but the working force has increased largely through the settlement between the Amalgamated association and several steel companies whose works, employing 60,000 men, have been idle, while only 1,600 men were effected by the shutdown of the Susquehanna Iron and Steel Co., by a strike. In the east the conditions seem generally favorable for a quick recovery with the coal strike over. In the west there has been no noteworthy reduction in the districting of any class of goods.

Wheat again rose to 83 cents, but failed to maintain the advance. Corn for prompt delivery was scarce and advanced 10 cents above the price at this date last year or over 25 per cent. This nearly disposed of foreign buyers and exports for the week were only 1,560,018 bushels while for 4 weeks 8,476,547 bushels went out at Atlantic ports against 12,155,204 a year ago. Wheat shipments from the eastern coast were 2,783,713 bushels, flour included, against 3,929,136 last year.

Failures for the week were 204 in the United States against 157 last year and 18 in Canada against 21 last year.

NEW YORK, September 29.—Bradstreet's today says:

The month of September closes with a rather better outlook in the industrial world than was apparent a week or ten days ago. The reports as to the probability of a settlement of the anthracite coal strike which have been current for a couple of days seem to have a basis of fact, and there is more likelihood that the most disturbing features in the industrial situation for some time is in process of elimination.

The settlement of the Amalgamated wage scale in the west has already resulted in the starting of some important mills. An encouraging feature in the iron and steel situation is the number and character of foreign inquiries. Thus far little response in the way of orders has been elicited by the reduction in the price of steel rails, though it is perhaps a little early to speak with definiteness as to the effect of the reduction. Prices of southern pig have been shaded somewhat at St. Louis, and at Pittsburg there have been moderate sales of Bessemer pig at the decline. The demand for structural material continues steady and the prices are firm. The fact that the tin plate scale remains unsettled produces but little effect.


### Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflamation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.


—Publicity is what every business man of experience considers necessary to success. It is the aim of every enterprising merchant, manufacturer, agent or professional man to be so well known that his name will occur to people when they contemplate the purchase of anything in his line. It has been proved again and again that newspaper advertising is the most effective means of achieving publicity.


CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought


### The Coming Wedding

Invitations are being sent out this week for the marriage of Miss Helen Rankin Hastings, eldest daughter of former governor and Mrs. Daniel H. Hastings, of this place, to Ross Hickok, of Harrisburg, prominently connected with the Hickok Manufacturing company, of that city. The ceremony will occur Wednesday, October 10, in the Presbyterian church, Bellefonte, and will be performed by Rev. Dr. William Laurie, D. D., the pastor, assisted by Rev. Wm. P. Shriner, pastor of the Bellefonte Methodist Episcopal church.

Owing to the prominence of the contracting parties, the wedding will be the largest social event that has been held in Bellefonte for years. Hundreds of invitations will go out, not only all over the state, but to the many friends of both parties in many adjoining states.

During the week prior to the wedding, the Hastings will entertain a large house party at their beautiful home in Allegheny street, among the guests being the maid-of-honor, the ten young women who will act as bridesmaids, and ten ushers.

Miss Hastings' wedding will occur on the anniversary of the marriage of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. James H. Rankin, and it will be in the same church in which her father and mother were married, and by the same minister.

### Take One.

Of Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills after dinner. It will promote digestion and overcome any evil effects of too hearty eating. Safe, prompt, active, painless and pleasant. This effective little pill is supplanting all the old school nauseous purgatives.—7.

Sold by F. Potts Green.

THE English and German idea, that this government made a false step in virtually withdrawing from the alliance in China, is not endorsed to any extent in this country.


CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

## Get an Education

An exceptional opportunity offered to young men and young women to prepare for teaching or for business. Four regular courses; also special work in Music, Shorthand, Typewriting. Strong teaching force, well graded work, good discipline and hard study, insure best results to students of

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J. P. FLICKINGER, Principal,

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LOCK HAVEN, PA.



## St. Vincent College,

Beatty P. O., Westmoreland Co., Pa.

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This is a Catholic institution conducted by the Benedictine Fathers. It is 40 miles east of Pittsburg, and 2 miles from Latrobe, on the Pennsylvania railroad. The climate is healthful, the buildings large, heated by steam and lighted by electric lights. The courses of study are the Classical and Commercial, also an Elementary School for beginners.

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31st Year begins Sept. 18, 1900. Location combines beauty and space of country with city advantages. Collegiate and College Preparatory Departments, Music, Art and Physical Culture. Address Rev. Chalmers Martin, A. M., (Princeton) President.



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REEDER & QUIGLEY.
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
Office on Allegheny street, 2 doors north of office formerly occupied by the late firm of Yocum & Hastings, Bellefonte Pa.


—Friday afternoon W. E. Meek, of Fairbook, a brother of Mrs. P. Gray Meek, of this place, was found in his wood shed in an unconscious condition suffering from paralysis of the left side. There was also a partial stoppage of the speech. It is understood today that he enjoyed a good night's rest and is now resting easily although still in a precarious condition.

—The other evening a certain little girl was vigorously embracing and caressing a young lady. Some one remarked of the little tot: "How affectionate she is!" "Yes, she is so much like her brother!" responded the young lady unthinkingly. And she wondered why everyone laughed.

ALTHOUGH the public is still being informed that there is no shortage of coal, on account of the strike, the dealers are steadily pushing the prices up.


"A TRAINING IN CLEANLINESS IS A FORTUNE." COMPLETE YOUR EDUCATION WI

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THE REGISTRAR,
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"Star" tin tags (showing small stars printed on under side of tag). "Horse Shoe," "J. T.," "Good Luck," "Cross Bow," and "Drummond" Natural Leaf Tin Tags are of equal value in securing presents mentioned below, and may be assorted. Every man, woman and child can find something on the list that they would like to have, and can have

FREE!

| | TAGS. |
|---|---|
| 1 Match Box | 25 |
| 2 Knife, one blade, good steel | 25 |
| 3 Scissors, 4½ inches | 25 |
| 4 Child's Set, Knife, Fork and Spoon | 25 |
| 5 Salt and Pepper Set, one each, quadruple plate on white metal | 50 |
| 6 French Briar Wood Pipe | 25 |
| 7 Razor, hollow ground, fine English steel | 50 |
| 8 Butter Knife, triple plate, best quality | 60 |
| 9 Sugar Shell, triple plate, best quality | 60 |
| 10 Stamp Box, sterling silver | 75 |
| 11 Knife, "Keen Kutter," two blades | 75 |
| 12 Butcher Knife, "Keen Kutter," 8-in blade | 75 |
| 13 Shears, "Keen Kuter," 8-inch | 75 |
| 14 Nut Set, Cracker and 6 Picks, silver plated | 80 |
| 15 Base Ball, "Association," best quality | 100 |
| 16 Alarm Clock, nickel | 150 |
| 17 Six Genuine Rogers' Teaspoons, best plated goods | 150 |
| 18 Watch, nickel, stem wind and set | 200 |
| 19 Carvers, good steel, buckhorn handles | 200 |
| 20 Six Genuine Rogers' Table Spoons, best plated goods | 250 |
| 21 Six each, Knives and Forks, buckhorn handles | 250 |
| 22 Six each, Genuine Rogers' Knives and Forks, best plated goods | 500 |
| 23 Clock, 8-day, Calendar, Thermometer, Barometer | 500 |
| 24 Gun case, leather, no better made | 500 |
| 25 Revolver, automatic, double action 32 or 38 caliber | 600 |
| 26 Tool set, not playthings, but real tools | 650 |
| 27 Toilet Set, decorated porcelain, very handsome | 800 |
| 28 Remington Rifle No. 4, 22 or 32 caliber | 800 |
| 29 Watch, sterling silver, full jeweled | 1000 |
| 30 Dress Suit Case, leather, handsome and durable | 1000 |
| 31 Sewing Machine, first class, with all attachments | 2500 |
| 32 Revolver, Colt's, 38-caliber, blued steel | 1500 |
| 33 Rifle, Colt's, 16-shot, 22-caliber | 1500 |
| 34 Guitar (Washburn), rosewood, inlaid | 2000 |
| 35 Mandolin, very handsome | 2000 |
| 36 Winchester Repeating Shot Gun, 12 gauge | 2000 |
| 37 Remington, double-barrel, hammer Shot Gun, 10 or 12 gauge | 2000 |
| 38 Bicycle, standard make, ladies or gents | 2500 |
| 39 Shot Gun, Remington, double-barrel, hammerless | 3000 |
| 40 Regina Music Box, 15½ inch Disc | 5000 |

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BEAR IN MIND that a dime's worth of

STAR PLUG TOBACCO

will last longer and afford more pleasure than a dime's worth of any other brand.

MAKE THE TEST!

Send tags to CONTINENTAL TOBACCO CO., St. Louis, Mo.


### PERHAPS FATALLY INJURED.

**Irvin Gray, the Well Known Horse man of Stormstown Run Down on Lewisburg Track.**

Irvin Gray, of Stormstown Centre Co., was probably fatally hurt on the fair grounds at Lewisburg Friday. He was crossing the track during a race and was run down. It is thought his back is broken. He was taken to the hospital at Sunbury on the Reading train which left Lewisburg at 1:30 o'clock Friday. It is feared that he cannot recover.

Mr. Gray is owner of the trotter Sally Derby. His horse had won two heats in the 2:25 race Thursday and Friday, it was one of four horses entered in the final heat. Gray was standing along the track opposite the judge's stand, and as the horses came down the home stretch Sally Derby had gained a good lead in the race. Gray was much excited, and as his horse sped under the wire a winner he started across the track toward the judge's stand, utterly oblivious of the danger that threatened him in the two other horses that were bearing down upon him. The crowd in the grand stand shrieked in alarm but the next instant John K., a horse owned by John Hillegas, struck Gray and knocked him like a foot ball. The driver of John K., and the horse alongside were thrown out in the mixup that followed but neither drivers or horses were hurt.

Gray lay on the track as if dead. He was carried to shelter, but was unconscious, in which condition he remained for half an hour or more. Upon regaining consciousness he complained of awful pains in the back. He was otherwise hurt, too.

### Hygienic Rules for the Schools.

At a joint meeting of the Committee on Office and the Committee on Hygiene of the Board of Education of Philadelphia recently. It was decided to have the set of hygienic rules for the care of the pupils and the classrooms adopted in March, printed and sent to each sectional board and to the principals of the various schools. The instructions are in part as follows:—

"Temperature in school rooms should never be permitted to go under 65 degrees or over 76 degrees F.

"When the outside temperature will permit, windows should be raised at recesses for ten minutes. At close of school each day all windows should be raised for one hour, unless rain or snow prevents.

"Sun should be permitted to shine in the school rooms as much as possible, providing it does not shine in the eyes or on the work of the children.

"Teachers should forbid spitting on the floors.

"Children should be discouraged from eating candy at recess.

"Children should be required to put on their overgarments during recesses in cold weather. They should be urged to go into the open air during recesses.

"When a child appears with soiled skin, a note should be sent home to parents calling attention to the fact."—Philadelphia Press.

### Foot Ball Schedule.

The following is the schedule of foot ball games to be played by the State College team:

West Point, Oct. 6, West Point.
Princeton, Oct. 10, at Princeton.
University of Pennsylvania, Oct. 17, at Philadelphia.
Dickinson, Oct. 20, at Carlisle.
D. C. & A. C., Oct. 27, at Pittsburg.
Bucknell, Nov. 3, at Williamsport.
Annapolis, Nov. 10, Annapolis.
Gettysburg, Nov. 17, at State College.
University of Buffalo, Thanksgiving Day at Buffalo.

### Filipino Emissary Coming to America.

PARIS, Sept. 29.—Sixto Lopez, one of the leading members of the Filipino junta in Europe, sailed on the Campania Saturday for the United States, where he will conduct a secret anti-imperial propaganda during the election campaign.

The junta here is not pleased with Lopez's plan and Agoncillo says he disapproves it, but that Senor Lopez acted on the advice of certain well known anti-imperialists in Boston. Lopez will go direct to Washington, where he will establish headquarters.

### Where They Fall Short.

An observing editor, after looking over the situation, concludes that some people go to church to weep, while others go to sleep. Some go to tell their woes, while others go to show their clothes. Some go to hear the preacher, others go to hear the solo screecher. Boys go to reconnoiter, girls go because they orter. Many go for some reflections, but precious few to help collections.

### Several Cars Were Damaged.

Several cars of an east bound freight on the P and E road, were broken Wednesday morning on Jersey Shore hill, by the train breaking and the cars bumping together again. No one was injured.

### A Grasping Brother.

The body of Roy Mitchell, who was killed by "Gus" Hoskins at the Spruce Creek tunnel Monday night, lay at the undertaking establishment of Samuel Graham from Tuesday afternoon till Thursday night, when it was shipped on Philadelphia express to a small town in Virginia, not far from Washington, for burial. A colored man named Hightower is tunnel foreman for Drake & Stratten. Some time ago Mitchell from his savings handed Hightower a hundred dollars to keep for him, saying that he would call for it if he lived to get out of Tunneltown, but if not the money should be used to bury him. So when Mitchell was killed Hightower authorized proper preparations for a respectable burial. On the appearance Thursday morning at the tunnel of a brother of the dead man Hightower handed him all the wealth of Hoskins' victim that was in his possession, with instructions to come to Tyrone, pay the undertaker and take possession of the body. Mitchell came to town and insisted that the body should be placed in a $5 rough box instead of the $30 funeral outfit that had been prepared for him. Mr Graham refused to do it. So the matter stood until in answer to a telephone message Hightower came to town in the afternoon when the contract with the undertaker was fully complied with by Mitchell turning over the cash. He evidently wanted to save as much of the money as possible for his own use and behoof.—Tyrone Herald.


### For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by all druggists in all parts of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.


### Immense Railroad Traffic.

Freight traffic of the railroads centering at Harrisburg is enormous. For the past ten days a great amount of freight has been hauled over the Pennsylvania railroad, the movement during the last week over the Middle division being equal to that of the heaviest runs of last winter. On Saturday all previous records in the freight traffic over the Middle division were excelled. During the day 115 trains hauling 7,629 cars, were moved past Lewistown Junction. Of this number 647 were loaded and 3,291 empties westbound. In this movement is included 1,904 cars of soft coal, with a carrying capacity of 75,000 tons.

THE October number of "McClure's" opens with an article on "The Stategy of National Campaigns," attractively illustrated by Jay Hambidge. The frontispiece, showing Governor Roosevelt and Senator Hanna in conference at Republican National Headquarters, and the strikingly original portraits of Cleveland, Blaine, Quay, Croker, Bryan and others, lend especial interest to this paper on the tactics of party managers in the Presidential campaigns of the past twenty-five years. The author has been in the thick of the fight and has evidently been brought very closely into contact with the great leaders in the battles which he describes.


CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought


### Mifflinburg's Small Gain.

A comparison of the present population of Mifflinburg with that of 1890 shows an increase of only nineteen souls. However, in material wealth, the town has prospered well, as a splendid water plant has been put in, churches have been built and repaired, and stores and factories enlarged.


### Eyes and Nose Runs Like Water.

C. G. Archer, of Brewer, Maine, says: "I have had catarrh for several years. Water would run from my eyes and nose for days at a time. About 4 months ago I was induced to try Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, and since using the wonderful remedy I have not had an attack. It relieves in ten minutes." 50 cents.—9

Sold by F. Potts Green.


—A sensation was caused at Canton one day last week, when Mrs. Charles Landon was arrested for complicity in the attempted lynching and assault upon Wm. McMann. She is charged with having made all the masks worn by the white cappers on the night of the outrage. She has been held in heavy bail for court.

—Lloyd McCarthy, of Muncy, will be lame for life, as the result of a peculiar accident which befell him at the saw mill of J. Russell Glass, up Glade Run, last week. He was riding on the carriage and the saw caught his feet, cutting off both heels.

—Beech Creek will have a new physician. Dr. Krumbine, of Centre Hall, has located in that place, and has opened his office near the station.

—Central Penna. Synod of the Lutheran church met in session at New Berlin, last Wednesday, and continued until Monday, Rev. C. T. Aikens, of Pine Grove Mills, is president of the body, and Rev. W. Scott, of Loysville, is the secretary.

The Small Boy's Dream of Bliss.

Is to have a glass of sparkling soda water as big as a nail keg. Everyone that samples our delicious soda water wishes they had the neck of a giraffe, so they could taste it as it trickled all the way down. Our orange phosphate or any of our pure fruit juice flavors, ice cream soda or egg phosphate is invigorating and refreshing at any time, and will resuscitate you on a hot day. We carry a large line of Combs, Brushes, Chamois, Perfumes, Trusses, and you will find that IT PAYS to buy at

GREEN'S PHARMACY.


PENNSYLVANIA R. R. AND BRANCHES
Schedule in effect May 28, 1900.

Via Tyrone—Westward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.10 a m, at Altoona 1 p m, at Pittsburg 5.50 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.15 p m, at Altoona 3.10 p m, at Pittsburg 6.55 p m
Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Altoona 7.35 p m, at Pittsburg 11 30 p m

Via Tyrone—Eastward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.10, at Harrisburg 2.40 p m, at Philadelphia 5.47 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.15 p m, at Harrisburg 6.45 p m, at Philadelphia 10.20 p m
Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Harrisburg 10 p m

Via Lock Haven—Northward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.32 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10.30 a m
Leave Bellefonte 1.42 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2.43 p m, at Williamsport 3.50 p m
Leave Bellefonte 8.31 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 9.30 p m

Via Lock Haven—Eastward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.32 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10.30 a m, leave Williamsport 12 40 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 3.15 p m, at Philadelphia at 6.23 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.42 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2.43 p m, arrive at Williamsport 3.50 p m, leave 4.00 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 6.55 p m, Philadelphia 10.20 p m
Leave Bellefonte 8.31 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 9.30 p m, leave Williamsport 1.05 a m, arrive at Harrisburg 3.55 a m, arrive at Philadelphia 6.52 a m

Via Lewisburg.

Leave Bellefonte at 6.40 a m, arrive at Lewisburg at 9.05 a m, Montandon 9.15 a m, Harrisburg 11.30 a m, Philadelphia 3.17 p m.
Leave Bellefonte 7.15 p m, arrive at Lewisburg 4.47, at Harrisburg 6.55 p m, Philadelphia at 10.20 p m

For full information time tables, maps, fare, &c., call on Ticket Agents, or address Thos. E. Watt, Pass. Agent Western District, No. 360 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg.

J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. B. HUTCHENSON, General Manager.

TYRONE AND CLEARFIELD RAILROAD.
Time table in effect May 28, 1900

| NORTHWARD. EXPRESS. | NORTHWARD. DAY EXPRESS. | NORTHWARD. MAIL. | STATIONS. | SOUTHWARD EXPRESS. | SOUTHWARD DAY EXPRESS. | SOUTHWARD MAIL. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| P M | P M | A M | Lv Ar | P M | A M | P M |
| 7 20 | 3 20 | 8 20 | Tyrone | 8 55 | 11 20 | 6 10 |
| 7 26 | 3 26 | 8 26 | East Tyrone | 8 49 | 11 14 | 6 04 |
| 7 28 | 3 28 | 8 28 | Tyrone S | | 11 12 | 6 02 |
| 7 31 | 3 30 | 8 31 | Vail | 8 45 | 11 09 | 5 |
| 7 41 | 3 40 | 8 42 | Yanscoyoc | 8 38 | 11 02 | 5 |
| 7 45 | 3 44 | 8 47 | Gardner | 8 32 | 10 59 | 5 |
| 7 54 | 3 53 | 8 57 | Mt. Pleasant | 8 27 | 10 51 | 5 |
| 8 00 | 3 59 | 9 05 | Summit | 8 20 | 10 44 | 5 |
| 8 05 | 4 03 | 9 09 | Sandy Ridge | 8 14 | 10 38 | 5 22 |
| 8 06 | 4 05 | 9 11 | Retort | 8 11 | 10 35 | 5 21 |
| 8 07 | 4 06 | 9 12 | Powelton | 8 09 | 10 33 | 5 19 |
| 8 15 | 4 12 | 9 19 | Osceola | 7 59 | 10 23 | 5 08 |
| | | 9 26 | Osceola Junct | | 10 20 | 5 04 |
| 8 19 | 4 16 | 9 29 | Boynton | 7 55 | 10 17 | 5 01 |
| 8 23 | 4 20 | 9 32 | Stelners | 7 51 | 10 13 | 4 57 |
| 8 26 | 4 23 | 9 40 | Philipsburg | 7 50 | 10 12 | 4 56 |
| 8 31 | 4 29 | 9 45 | Graham | 7 46 | 10 07 | 4 51 |
| 8 36 | 4 34 | 9 50 | Blue Ball | 7 41 | 10 02 | 4 46 |
| 8 42 | 4 40 | 9 56 | Wallaceton | 7 36 | 9 56 | 4 39 |
| 8 47 | 4 45 | 10 02 | Bigler | 7 31 | 9 50 | 4 33 |
| 8 53 | 4 50 | 10 08 | Woodland | 7 26 | 9 45 | 4 27 |
| 8 56 | 4 54 | 10 11 | Mineral Spr'gs | 7 25 | 9 42 | 4 25 |
| 9 00 | 4 58 | 10 15 | Barrett | 7 21 | 9 39 | 4 20 |
| 9 05 | 5 03 | 10 22 | Leonard | 7 17 | 9 35 | 4 15 |
| 9 09 | 5 07 | 10 26 | Clearfield | 7 13 | 9 31 | 4 09 |
| 9 14 | 5 12 | 10 32 | Riverview | 7 09 | 9 26 | 4 03 |
| 9 20 | 5 18 | 10 39 | Susque. Bridge | 7 04 | 9 20 | 3 56 |
| 9 25 | 5 37 | 10 44 | Curwensville | 7 00 | 9 15 | 3 51 |
| | 5 43 | 10 50 | Rustic | 6 54 | | 3 35 |
| | 5 51 | 10 58 | Stronach | 6 46 | | 3 27 |
| | 5 57 | 11 04 | Grampian | 6 40 | | 3 21 |
| M | P M | P M | Ar Lv | P M | A M | P M |

BALD EAGLE VALLEY—PENNSYLVANIA Railroad Division. Daily except Sunday. Schedule in effect on and after May 28, 1900.

| Westward. 55 | 53 | 51 | | 50 | Eastward. 52 | 54 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| p m | p m | a m | | a m | p m | p m |
| 3 45 | 12 10 | 8 55 | Lock Haven | 10 80 | 2 43 | 9 30 |
| 3 49 | | 8 59 | Flemington | 10 24 | 2 39 | 9 26 |
| 3 51 | 12 16 | 9 01 | Mill Hall | 10 22 | 2 37 | 9 24 |
| 4 02 | 12 26 | 9 12 | Beech Creek | 10 11 | 2 26 | 9 13 |
| 4 05 | 12 29 | 9 15 | Eagleville | 10 08 | 2 23 | 9 10 |
| 4 11 | 12 38 | 9 24 | Howard | 9 59 | 2 14 | 9 01 |
| 4 20 | | 9 30 | Mount Eagle | 9 53 | 2 08 | 8 55 |
| 4 25 | 12 48 | 9 34 | Curtin | 9 49 | 2 04 | 8 51 |
| 4 32 | 12 55 | 9 41 | Milesburg | 9 40 | 1 55 | 8 42 |
| 4 44 | 1 05 | 9 53 | Bellefonte | 9 28 | 1 42 | 8 31 |
| 4 53 | 1 13 | 10 01 | Milesburg | 9 18 | 1 33 | 8 23 |
| 4 56 | 1 16 | 10 04 | Snow Shoe Int | 9 15 | 1 30 | 8 20 |
| 5 03 | 1 23 | 10 11 | Unionville | 9 07 | 1 23 | 8 12 |
| 5 12 | 1 31 | 10 20 | Julian | 8 58 | 1 14 | 8 23 |
| 5 21 | 1 39 | 10 28 | Martha | 8 49 | 1 06 | 7 54 |
| 5 28 | 1 45 | 10 36 | Port Matilda | 8 42 | 1 00 | 7 47 |
| 5 35 | 1 51 | 10 44 | Hannah | 8 35 | 12 54 | 7 40 |
| 5 37 | | 10 46 | Fowler | 8 33 | 12 52 | 7 38 |
| 5 40 | | 10 49 | Dix | 8 30 | 12 50 | 7 35 |
| 5 46 | 2 01 | 10 56 | Bald Eagle | 8 24 | 12 44 | 7 29 |
| 5 50 | 2 05 | 11 00 | Vail | 8 20 | 12 40 | 7 25 |
| 5 54 | 2 09 | 11 04 | East Tyrone | 8 16 | 12 36 | 7 21 |
| 6 00 | 2 15 | 11 10 | Tyrone | 8 10 | 12 30 | 7 15 |
| p m | p m | a m | | a m | p m | p m |

Nos. 50 and 55 will run daily.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD
In effect May 27, 1900.

| Westward. | | | Eastward | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| p m | a m | | a m | p m |
| 1 38 | 5 40 | Montandon | 9 15 | 4 55 |
| 1 45 | 6 35 | Lewisburg | 9 05 | 4 47 |
| 1 57 | 6 47 | Vicksburg | 8 53 | 4 35 |
| 2 05 | 6 55 | Mifflinburg | 8 45 | 4 27 |
| 2 16 | 7 07 | Millmont | 8 33 | 4 16 |
| 2 23 | 7 13 | Glen Iron | 8 26 | 4 08 |
| 2 51 | 7 40 | Paddy Mountain | 8 00 | 3 43 |
| 3 02 | 7 50 | Coburn | 7 50 | 3 32 |
| 3 08 | 7 57 | Zerby | 7 43 | 3 25 |
| 3 17 | 8 05 | Rising Spring | 7 35 | 3 17 |
| 3 23 | 8 11 | Penns Cave | 7 28 | 3 10 |
| 3 30 | 8 18 | Centre Hall | 7 22 | 3 02 |
| 3 35 | 8 24 | Gregg | 7 17 | 2 55 |
| 3 42 | 8 31 | Linden Hall | 7 10 | 2 48 |
| 3 46 | 8 35 | Oak Hall | 7 06 | 2 43 |
| 3 50 | 8 39 | Lemont | 7 02 | 2 38 |
| 3 54 | 8 43 | Dale Summit | 6 57 | 2 34 |
| 4 03 | 8 52 | Pleasant Gap | 6 48 | 2 24 |
| 4 06 | 8 55 | Axemann | 6 45 | 2 21 |
| 4 10 | 9 00 | Bellefonte | 6 40 | 2 15 |

SNOW SHOE BRANCH—DAILY EXCEPT Sunday—In effect July 10, 1899.

| a m | | STATIONS. | | p m |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 11 26 | 7 27 | Arrive Snow Shoe Leave | 7 30 | 3 15 |
| 10 50 | 6 05 | Snow Shoe Intersection | 9 15 | 4 56 |
| 10 01 | 5 55 | Milesburg | 9 18 | 5 05 |
| 9 53 | 5 45 | Leave Bellefonte Arrive | 9 32 | 5 20 |

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD—On and after Monday, April 3rd, 1899, trains will run as follows, leaving the P. R. R. station.

| WESTWARD. College Accom. | Exp. | | EASTWARD. | Mail. | Exp. | Bellf Ac |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1† | *5 | *4 | | *2 | *4 | 6* |
| a m | p m | a m | Lv Ar | a m | p m | p m |
| 6 30 | 4 15 | 10 20 | Bellefonte | 8 50 | 3 40 | 6 40 |
| 6 35 | 4 21 | 10 27 | Coleville | 8 40 | 3 25 | 6 30 |
| f6 38 | f4 25 | f10 42 | Morris | f8 37 | f3 22 | f6 27 |
| f6 43 | f4 28 | f10 47 | Whitmer | f8 32 | f3 17 | f6 23 |
| f6 46 | f4 33 | f10 53 | Hunters | f8 31 | f3 16 | f6 21 |
| f6 50 | f4 36 | f10 56 | Fillmore | f8 28 | f3 06 | f6 18 |
| f6 56 | f4 40 | f11 02 | Briarly | f8 24 | f3 00 | f6 14 |
| 7 00 | 4 43 | 11 05 | Waddle | 8 20 | 1 55 | 6 10 |
| f7 03 | f4 45 | f11 08 | Lambourn | f8 18 | f1 52 | f5 07 |
| f7 12 | f4 55 | f11 20 | Krumrine | f8 07 | f1 37 | f5 52 |
| 7 25 | 5 00 | 11 15 | State College | 8 00 | 1 30 | 5 45 |
| f7 27 | f5 05 | f11 24 | Struble | f7 45 | f1 34 | f5 25 |
| f7 31 | f5 10 | | Bloomsdorf | f7 45 | | f5 20 |
| 7 35 | 5 15 | | Pine Grv Mills | 7 35 | | 5 15 |

Morning trains from Montandon, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 3 and 6 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 5 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna R R trains at Bellefonte for points east and west.

† stops on flag. * Daily except Sunday.

H. THOMAS, Sup.


## Dr. Humphreys'

Specifics cure by acting directly upon the disease, without exciting disorder in any other part of the system.

| NO. | CURES. | PRICES. |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations | .25 |
| 2 | Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic | .25 |
| 3 | Teething, Colic, Crying, Wakefulness | .25 |
| 4 | Diarrhea, of Children or Adults | .25 |
| 7 | Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis | .25 |
| 8 | Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache | .25 |
| 9 | Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo | .25 |
| 10 | Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach | .25 |
| 11 | Suppressed or Painful Periods | .25 |
| 12 | Whites, Too Profuse Periods | .25 |
| 13 | Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness | .25 |
| 14 | Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions | .25 |
| 15 | Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains | .25 |
| 16 | Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague | .25 |
| 19 | Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head | .25 |
| 20 | Whooping-Cough | .25 |
| 27 | Kidney Diseases | .25 |
| 28 | Nervous Debility | 1.00 |
| 30 | Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed | .25 |
| 77 | Grip, Hay Fever | .25 |

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JOHNSTONS, Great Western Gun Works, 539 Smithfield Street, PITTSBURG, PA.



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# The Bellefonte Republican

The Best Advertising Medium in Central Pennsylvania.

A forty-eight column paper devoted to the interests of the Republican party. Published at Bellefonte, Pa., at $1.00 per annum.

BY WILBUR F. HARRIS.

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| SPACE OCCUPIED. | 3m | 6m | 1y |
|---|---|---|---|
| One inch (12 lines this type) | $ 5 | $ 8 | $ 12 |
| Two inches | 7 | 10 | 15 |
| Three inches | 10 | 15 | 20 |
| Four inches | 11 | 17 | 25 |
| Quarter column | 12 | 20 | 30 |
| Half column | 20 | 35 | 55 |
| One column | 35 | 55 | 100 |

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Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion unless otherwise agreed, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial notices, in our local columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

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Advertisers, and especially Advertising Agents, are respectfully informed that no notice will be taken of orders to insert advertisments at less rates than the above, nor will any notice be given to orders of parties unknown to the publisher, unless accompanied by the cash.

WILBUR F. HARRIS.


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ASSEMBLYMEN,
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JOHN K. THOMPSON, of Philipsburg.

JURY COMMISSIONER,
WILLIAM ROBB, of Romola.

## County Committee.

The following named gentlemen compose the Republican Executive Committee of Centre County for the year 1900.

WILBUR F. REEDER, Chairman, Bellefonte.
Henry C. Quigley, Secretary, Bellefonte.
Harry Keller, G. W. Rees, J. Thomas Mitchell } Ass't Sec's, Bellefonte.

| District. | Name | Address. |
|---|---|---|
| Bellefonte, N W | P. C. Williams | Bellefonte |
| " S W | N E Robb, | " |
| " W W | Earle C Tuten, | " |
| Centre Hall boro | W O Rearick | Centre Hall |
| Milesburg " | Alfred S Smith | Milesburg |
| Millheim " | J Spigelmyer | Millheim |
| Howard " | Robert Cook, Jr. | Howard |
| Philipsburg | 1 w C T Fryberger | Philipsburg |
| " | 2 Geo E Lamb | Philipsburg |
| " | 3 Howard Simler | " |
| South Philipsburg | Thos Crownover, Ph'lpsbg | |
| College boro | Philip D Foster | State College |
| Unionville Boro | Howard Holzworth Fleming | |
| Benner twp, N P | David Rothrock | Bellefonte |
| Benner twp, S P | David Rhinesmith | " |
| Boggs Twp N P | Thos. Malone | Yarnell |
| Boggs Twp E P | H R Curtin | Roland |
| Boggs Twp W P | Scott Walters | Milesburg |
| Burnside Twp | D G Stewart | Moshannon |
| College Twp | Wm. Thompson, Jr | Lemont |
| Curtin " | R C Daley | Romola |
| Ferguson Twp E P | A Stine Walker | P O Mills |
| Ferguson " W P | J H Musser | Pa. Furnace |
| Gregg " N P | Isaac Smith | Farmers Mills |
| Gregg " E P | Jos. K. Bitner | Penn Hall |
| Gregg " W P | Wm Allison | Spring Mills |
| Haines " E P | J C F Motz | Woodward |
| Haines " W P | Jas S Weaver | Aaronsb'g |
| Half Moon " | C W Hunter | Stormstown |
| Harris " | Scott Bricker | Boalsburg |
| Howard " | John Turner | Mt. Eagle |
| Huston " | G G Fink | Julian |
| Liberty " | W S Holter | Blanchard |
| Marion " | Samuel Aley | Walker |
| Miles E P | M W Adams | Livonia |
| " M. P. | Thos E Boyer | Rebersburg |
| " W. P | Reuben Grimm | Madisonburg |
| Patton | John W Balsor | Benore |
| Penn " | T B Motz | Coburn |
| Potter Twp N P | James Stahl | Centre Hall |
| Potter " S P | Alexander McCoy | Pot'rs Mills |
| Rush " N P | David Kinkead | Philipsburg |
| Rush " S P | Isaiah Woodle, | Sandy Ridge |
| Snow Shoe E P | W A Sickle | Snow Shoe |
| " W P | Thos. D. Weaver | Moshannon |
| Spring Twp N P | Anthony Dusling | Bellefonte |
| Spring " S P | John Bilger | Pleasant Gap |
| Spring " W P | William Hampton | Bellefonte |
| Tayler " | A R Price | Hannah Furnace |
| Union " | E P Barton | Fleming |
| Worth " | H C Woodring | Port Matilda |
| Walker " M P. | Irvin Yarnell | Hublersburg |
| " " E P. | L E Rogers | Nittany |
| " " W. P. | Christ Decker | Zion |

## EDITORIAL.

You voted for Prosperity in 1896 and you got it. Are you now going to vote against?

Now, Senator Blackburn has denounced the Goebel law as the most odious ever placed on the statute books! This is no doubt true, and of course, Mr. Blackburn, who owes his election to this very law, will now resign and permit an honest election to be held. Of course he will—nit!

How any sane man who desires the gold standard to be maintained can support Bryan passes comprehension. Is it not better that the Filipinos should lose their "Republic"—which they do not understand anyway—than that the American people should be plunged into bankruptcy and dishonor? For that is what Bryan's election means.

## THE HOPE OF THE COUNTRY.

### It Rests in a Continuance of Conditions Brought About by Republican Policies.

The formal opening of the campaign has brought to the attention of the Republican managers the political situation in the industrial and commercial States of Maryland, West Virginia, and throughout other sections of the West and South. Strong claims are put forth by the managers of the Bryan campaign to the effect that Maryland, West Virginia and Kentucky, and possibly Delaware, are regarded as debatable ground this year, and they profess to have hopes of carrying those States. It is interesting in this connection to note the comment made by close observers of the situation in those States, and by leading representatives of large industrial and commercial enterprises, in regard to the presidential outlook and the effect which the election of Mr. Bryan would have upon the business interests of the country.

Much is said about the danger to the cause of sound money, and to the interests of the Republic in the islands acquired from Spain, which would flow from the election of Mr. Bryan. While there is undoubtedly much truth in the assertion that harm would come in these directions there is abundant evidence from the testimony of representative business men that serious danger to industrial and commercial interests of the country is threatened by the suggestion of the possibility that Mr. Bryan may be elected. To the Republican headquarters is coming a large number of letters from representative men in different congresional districts respecting the political outlook in various sections. In addition to this political testimony there are also received letters from persons interested in industrial and commercial pursuits who discuss the effect of the presidential campaign upon business and who give opinions also as to the probable effect of Democratic success this fall upon the business interests of the country.

It is worth noting that, notwithstanding the claims made in Democratic quarters of gains made by the cause of Mr. Bryan in the close States, such as Maryland and West Virginia, the almost unanimous testimony of business men in those States is that business interests are suffering as a result of even the little doubt that exists of the re-election of President McKinley. Political agitation invariably has the effect to depress business. Doubts and uncertainty as to what the future policy of the national administration will be are invariably harmful to all industrial and commercial pursuits. From the States mentioned, and even throughout most of the industrial centres of the South, testimony is received that orders are falling off and that there is a general disposition to await the result of the presidential election before encouraging new enterprises or engaging extensively in operations which customarily attend the fall season. The effects of this uncertainty upon all industrial lines and commercial pursuits, as well as upon the wage earner who draws his sustenance from these lines of industrial endeavor, must be manifest to everybody. Even where the opinion is expressed among the business men that there can be no doubt whatever of President McKinley's election, this very sentiment of confidence may have the effect to encourage the hope of Democratic success. It is against this feeling of overconfidence that the Republican managers are directing their efforts. But it is manifest from the testimony of business men in industrial centres that they have no doubt that the election of Mr. Bryan would seriously unsettle business, cause at least temporary suspension of operations, with the naturally attendant losses to wage earners engaged in these operations.

"It is a warning to the people of this country," writes one of the leading operators of an important industry in the South, "that even the possibility of Bryanism is enough to stop the wheels of progress. I am convinced that the good sense of the American people will give Mr. McKinley an overwhelming majority. Whatever may be said about free silver or expansion, the millions of people engaged in industrial enterprises, whether as capitalists or wage earners, must see the importance of letting well enough alone. We are prosperous under the policy of protection and the laws which the Republican party has given to the country during the past four years. The suggestion of a change, or the possibility of a change, would stop the wheels in many mills and factories, and capital and labor everywhere would suffer."

With these sentiments coming from business men in the industrial and commercial States of the East and South, it is a matter of surprise to observers of political conditions that there should be any question whatever of Mr. McKinley's triumphant election. The information coming from the middle and far West indicates a rapidly growing sentiment in favor of Republican success. There can be little doubt that such sentiment will pervade the so-called doubtful States when the people who are interested in industrial and commercial development in those States become aroused to the importance of the situation.

For the eight months of the year 1900 the foreign trade of the United States has shown a marked improvement. One of the best evidences of the industrial prosperity which pervades the country is shown by the fact that since the beginning of the year there has been an increase of nearly $122,000,000 in our sales of domestic products to foreign countries, compared with the corresponding period last year. All lines of manufactures share liberally in this increased output for foreign markets. These results are a practical demonstration of the truth of the protection adage, which cannot be too often repeated, that protection gives prosperity at home and encourages the foreign trade of the nation. In a period of industrial stagnation, such as the country suffered during the period of "great eclipse" of 1893-4-5, the people of this country were too poor to buy and all lines of production suffered under curtailed output, with attendant low wages and lessened employment for labor The people of the United States are now producing and consuming the largest volume of products per capita known in the history of the country. Not only is this true of the general prosperity of the people, but the increased activity in all lines of production encourages the enlargement of the export trade of the country. Widening markets for products at home and abroad means prosperity for industry, and more labor at better pay for the wage earner.

It is the belief of the most careful observers of the political situation that wherever the interests of the Republican party, and its prospects in the present campaign, are grounded upon the solid rock of industrial prosperity as the result of the protection and other sound policies of the present Administration, there is every reason to expect success. Other issues involving the questions of money and expansion will be met and answered. But the hope of the country really rests in a continuation of the present prosperous conditions. Business men and wage earners throughout the length and breadth of the land are rapidly coming to a realization of this fact. When they are fully awakened to it the hopes of the Bryanite party will vanish.

It is ten thousand pities that the coal strike should have occurred just now, whatever the rights and wrongs of that struggle may be. The United States was just getting itself settled in the coal markets of Europe and the chances were that if unimpeded for a few months more, it would have made its position so good that it could not have been forced out of it. But the strike, if prolonged, will end all efforts to capture foreign coal markets for years to come.

Aggie is behind the times when he offers our soldiers $40 apiece to come over to him. He should offer them jobs in the post-office or city hall if he wants to have a rush.

## TRUTH OR FALSEHOOD?

In his letter of acceptance Mr. Bryan asserts that the Republican party has done nothing, attempted nothing, and can be expected to do nothing to protect the people from trust monopolies. If this is the truth, it is an important truth; if it is a lie, it is a reckless, atrocious lie which should forever discredit the man who uttered it. Let us see. A few month ago, speaking at the Chicago anti-trust conference, Mr. Bryan said:

"I believe Congress has, or should have, the power to place restrictions and limitations, even to the point of prohibition, upon any corporation organized in one State that wants to do business outside of the State. * * * I am in favor of an amendment to the Constitution that will give to Congress power to destroy every trust in the country."

At the first session of the Fifty-sixth Congress the Republican majority of the House Judiciary committee reported a constitutional amendment exactly in line with Mr. Bryan's plan of dealing with trusts, as follows:

"To lodge in Congress the power to define, regulate, control, prohibit or dissolve trusts, monopolies or combinations."

On the roll call on the question of submitting this constitutional amendment for ratification by the various States of the Union the vote was as follows:

Republicans—For 149; against 2.
Democrats and Populists—For 5 against 129.

In the light of this record, did the Popocrat candidate state truth or falsehood when in his letter of acceptance he asserted that the Republican party has done nothing, attempted nothing, and can be expected to do nothing to protect the people from trust monopolies?

## THE UNITED STATES—"EXCELSIOR."

The United States is forging to the forefront in many ways. Our diplomacy commands assent in China and in Europe. Our exhibits carry off the biggest prizes at the Paris Exposition. We are the largest subscribers to the India famine fund. A Pittsburg lawyer has the finest piece of horseflesh in the world. We excel in many sports, in manufacturing and in farm products. Our army is invincible. Our navy is the terror of the seas. Our Constitution is the model for new nations at the Antipodes. Our yachts furnish even Lipton with "points." Our Westinghouse electric specialties and our Schoen steel cars find markets in the uttermost ends of the world, and our armor plate finds buyers the world over. Our flag is respected. Our banks can lend Threadneedle street part of our surplus. All this is a matter for just pride and congratulation. All this is developed under political and legislative conditions for which the Republican party of the United States is responsible. It is a great responsibility, and it should not be shifted or made void at the behest of quacks who are long on promises and short on fulfillment.

Ex-Secretary Olney was the man who advised President Cleveland to use Federal troops against the strikers in Chicago during the term of the last administration. What did the same Mr. Olney do when he was Attorney General to check the growth of Trusts and Monopolies? Nothing. But he made an excuse for doing nothing. He said, when Attorney General, the Trusts could not be controlled by Federal laws, but that they were under the jurisdiction of State laws and must be proceeded against by State officials.

Col. Bryan has again changed horses in the middle of the stream, a thing strongly advised against by Mr. Lincoln, from whom the Democratic leader is so fond of quoting. He is now riding the trust issue. When that fails, as it will soon do, he will having nothing left.

Returns for the past four months show that United States exports to Porto Rico increased more than 100 per cent. last year and more than 300 per cent. over the two previous years. That doesn't look like tyranny, does it?

## WHY THEY OPPOSE BRYAN.

### Reasons Which Induce Prominent Democrats to Support McKinley This Year.

Here are a number of paragraphs taken by the Chicago "Tribune" from reasons given by prominent men for leaving Bryan to support McKinley:

McKinley's administration has brought prosperity.

He is in favor of holding the Philippines.

Bryan represents too many political parties.

He will not fuse with the Democrats.

McKinley has made a good President.

Bryanism is like rainbow chasing.

Is opposed to free silver and favors expansion.

Four years have shown the Republicans were right.

Bryan's cry of anti-imperialism is treason.

He is in favor of expansion.

The Republican party was proven right in 1896.

He is what Bryan calls an "Imperialist."

McKinley has given good administration.

He cannot swallow the Kansas City platform.

Bryan has disrupted the Democratic party.

"Imperialism" is a bugaboo, and he dislikes 16 to 1.

Free silver has proved to be a mistake.

Democrats cannot assume responsibility for Bryan.

Bryan would degrade the American flag.

McKinley has promoted soldiers from the ranks.

McKinley is a better man than Bryan can ever be.

The Kansas City platform is un-American on expansion.

Democrats carry elections by unlawful means.

Present prosperity and opposition to free silver.

McKinley's administration has brought prosperity.

Present Democratic party is populistic.

Business has improved since 1896.

Bryanism is not Democracy.

Bryan's position on expansion is wrong.

McKinley promises the better administration.

Democrats at Kansas City were cowardly on silver.

McKinley's administration has helped the farmers.

The Republican party is now the only patriotic one.

McKinley is right on the Philippine question.

Democrats cannot consistently fuse with Populists.

Is an expansionist and sound money man.

Cannot support Bryan under present conditions.

Convinced McKinley is right on the money question.

Has had enough of anti-patriotic utterances.

"The anti-expansion argument is thinner than cheese cloth."

Democracy no longer has a definite policy.

The present attitude of the Democratic party is not patriotic.

McKinley's administration has brought prosperity to the country.

Bryan's course has encouraged Aguinaldo in rebellion.

He has grown tired of Bryanism.

Does not wish to see the American flag hauled down.

He is convinced now free silver was a fake.

The Republican is the party of progress.

He is an expansionist and honest money man.

The Republican party runs the country on correct business principles.

He is opposed to 16 to 1.

Bryan, if elected, could not manage his discordant fusion party.

McKinley's administration has produced prosperity.

Mr. Clark, of Montana, is going to amuse the voters of his State by a vaudeville show. It is to be hoped that he will portray his lightning changes anent the senatorship in Washington last winter.

## PROSPERITY HAS COME TO THE PEOPLE.

The one supreme test of prosperity is money in bank. This is a self-evident truth. If a man's family is well clothed and fed and in a comfortable home, and besides this he can put money in bank, it must be admitted that he is prosperous.

In the official report of the Comptroller of the Currency of the United States for 1899, showing, as it does, the unparalleled increase in the number of deposits from the days of the Democratic Wilson bill regime in 1894 to the glorious days of McKinley prosperity, the most marvelous of all is the increase in the number of depositors and in the amount of deposits in the saving banks of the country. The banks are particularly the ones where the wage earners of the country put their savings.

Since the Democratic days of 1894 there has been an increase of 2,109,547 bank depositors in the whole United States. This number more people have had money to deposit during the McKinley prosperity. This statement is unanswerable.

The total amount of money deposited to the credit of the people was $2,874,589,406 in 1894. In 1899 it was $4,608,096,005, showing an increase of almost one and three-quarter billions of dollars to the credit of the people who had bank accounts in the five years since the country was suffering the agonies of a Democratic administration.

Mr. Bryan says the people are not prosperous. So say all his calamity followers. If the official report of the Comptroller of Currency for the year 1899 does nothing else it gives the lie to this declaration. Let us glance at the statistics relating to our own State. The increased business of our local banking institutions is embodied in the State statistics and contribute to the marvelous signs of prosperous times and the unequaled circulation of money in the various and multiplied avenues of trade:

| Banks. | Depositors. 1894. | 1899. |
|---|---|---|
| National | 189,419 | 268,789 |
| State and Private | 21,041 | 41,371 |
| Loan and Trust | 6,831 | 40,092 |
| Savings | 32,545 | 46,417 |
| Total | 249,876 | 396,669 |
| Increase in No. of depositors | | 146,793 |

| Banks. | Amount of Deposits. 1894. | 1896. |
|---|---|---|
| National | $62,562,254 | $101,138,685 |
| State and Private | 4,557,450 | 12,751,900 |
| Loan and Trust | 2,755,972 | 15,960,900 |
| Savings | 8,896,296 | 14,629,614 |
| Total | $78,771,972 | $144,481,099 |
| Increase in deposits | | $ 65,710,127 |

Who will say that the promises of the Republican party have not been fulfilled?

Who will say that the Advance Agent of Prosperity has not visited the American people under the Republican Administration of President McKinley?

## TWO DECLARATIONS.

"If there is any one who believes the Gold Standard is a good thing, or that it must be maintained, I warn him not to cast his ballot for me, because I promise him it will not be maintained in this country longer than I am able to get rid of it."—*William Jennings Bryan in a speech at Knoxville, Tenn., Sept. 16, 1896.*

"What I denounce is a Protective Tariff. It is false economy and the most vicious political principle that has ever cursed this country.—*William Jennings Bryan in a speech in the House of Representatives, 1894, advocating the passage of the Wilson-Gorman Free Trade Tariff law.*

The growth of Johnstown shows how a ruined city can recuperate and should be of great value to Galveston, in enabling it to keep up its pluck. It is said that it would cost $1,000,000 per square mile to raise the soil of that city ten feet, but if it is thought necessary, it will be done.

—Charles R. Hewitt, a prominent lumberman, whose southern investments proved calamitous, filed a petition in bankruptcy in the United States District Court in New York on Tuesday, showing liabilities of $351,519; no assets. Among the creditors is the First National Bank of Lock Haven for $7,223.

## THE CENTRE COUNTY FAIR.

### To be Held at the New Fair Grounds October 16-19, 1900.

Every citizen of Centre County should be alive to the fact that this great agricultural county now has a well equipped, Fair, fully organized and that on the 16th, 17th, 18th and 19th of October, 1900, the first Centre County Fair on the new fair grounds at Bellefonte will be held. A widespread desire for the re-establishment of the Centre County Fair on a broad basis has at last materialized, and within the space of the few short months since last spring the new grounds of surpassing natural beauty have been acquired, the course of Spring creek has been changed, a splendid half-mile race track has been constructed, an exhibition building, grand stand, ample racing and livestock stables and pens have been erected, and all is now in readiness for the people of Centre County to flock to Bellefonte from every quarter to join in this worthy public enterprise. It is intended that this shall be the people's fair, carried on for their instruction, amusement and recreation. The Association has issued a highly commendable Premium List and exhibits of varied character are assured and are invited from all quarters.

Ample arrangements have been made in the way of railroad facilities. Excursion tickets will be sold good during the Fair at a single fare rate (no fare less than 25cts.) on the Pennsylvania Railroad from all points on the Tyrone Division and on the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad Division, Lewisburg and Tyrone Railroad and from all points on the New York Central and Beech Creek systems, between Williamsport and Clearfield and over the Central Railroad of Pennsylvania from Mill Hall to Bellefonte, and also from all points on the Bellefonte Central Railroad running from State College to Bellefonte. An excursion train will leave Mill Hall for Bellefonte over the Central Railroad of Penrsylvania about 11:15 a. m. on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, and special return trains over the Lewisburg and Tyrone Railroad will leave Bellefonte on Wednesday and Thursday in the evening after the close of the Fair. All trains on the Tyrone Division of the Pennsylvania Railroad and on the Central Railroad of Pennsylvania will stop right at the Grounds. The Bellefonte Central Railroad will also hold its return train in the evening until after the Fair.

On Tuesday, Oct. 16th, there will be a live bird shoot by the Sportsmens League of Centre county together with other attractions and on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday of the same week there will be races of exceptional character contested by the fastest horses in the State. They are coming from all quarters. It is the last race meeting in this part of the country. In addition to this there will be various free acrobatic and other shows before the grand stand that will highly interest and amuse. These have been obtained at great expense.

The admission is only 25 cents, with no extra charge for the admission of vehicles. Definite arrangements for hitching of teams have been made by the management so as to economize space and not to interfere with the free movement of the crowds throughout the Fair ground. Persons in attendance will direct vehicles to places where they can safely hitch their wagons and buggies, and there will be ample opportunity of obtaining meals and lunches upon the grounds at all times.

*Remember the date. Think how easy it is to get there and enjoy yourself in a great variety of ways, and remember that the admission is only 25 cents.*

## HOW TO SETTLE THE STRIKE.

### Easily and Without Harm to Any One.

The sure remedy is provided for all such troubles in "the glorious gospel of Jesus Christ."

It is certain that the cause of the strife lies at the door of some party or other. That cause can be quickly removed and all the troubles ended by a practical application of the golden rule, "Do unto others as you would have them do unto you." Let all parties concerned practically observe the diligent keeping of that "royal law", as the apostle Paul calls it and with the present strife ended all future troubles of the kind will be easily avoided here and receive the "great reward" hereafter.

## HOW IT'S BACKED.

### Undoubted Reliability is Expressed in Bellefonte Indorsement.

What you want is home indorsement.

The backing of people you know.

Bellefonte proof for Bellefonte people.

That's what follows here.

Surely no better backing can be had than the following statement from

Wm. Valence of 226 Hight St., night watchman who says: "For 2 years or more off and on, I had trouble with my back and pains in the upper part of my spine accompanied by a disagreeable feeling in my head and acute lameness right over my kidneys. At first I thought it was my liver but later found it arose from the kidneys not acting properly. I read of the many cures that had been made here at home by Doan's Kidney Pills and I got them at F. Potts Green's drug store. They stopped the annoyance from the kidneys and removed the lameness and aching in my back. They did me any any amount of good and I do not hesitate to recommend them."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

## FORESTRY RESERVATION.

### The State Has a Valuable Tract of Land Which Has Just Been Surveyed.

Surveyor W. P. Micthell and his assistants on last Friday finished the survey of the lands recently purchased for forestry purposes, and which is now known as the "Hon. A. C. Hopkins Forestry Reservation." The survey was begun July 10, and was very difficult the entire distance. Considering the obstacles that had to be surmounted, the fact that the work was done in less than 3 months is regarded in a favorable light.

According to the measurements, the 47 tracts in the reservation aggregate in round numbers 38,000 acres. The boundary starts at a point about 5 miles north of Snow Shoe, runs northwardly to the west branch of the Susquehanna, and eastwardly to Renovo.

The reservation is well watered. There are several streams, from 4 to 8 miles in length, running in the tracts.

About three fourths of the reservation is covered with timber of different varieties. This timber consists of hemlock, locust, sugar, chestnut, yellow and jack pine, white, red and black oak.

About 24,000 acres of the reservation contains timber that is ready for sawing. Much of the timber can also be used for props and ties.

These timber lands are destined to be very valuable. The estimated valuation of the lands, from a timber point of view alone, is placed at $5 an acre, while about 14,000 acres is estimated at $3 an acre. As the years come and go, and as the timber grows, the valuations will be gradually increased.

Mr. Mitchell states that after going over the land, noting the character of the timber, and seeing the many streams, he is convinced no better tracts of land than these could have been secured for forestry reservation purposes.—Lock Haven *Democrat*.

## Letter From the Far Off Philippines.

Rev. R. Crittenden is in receipt of the following letter which he kindly gave us for publication:

DONSAL, Aug. 15, 1900.

REV. R. CRITTENDEN:

My Dear Friend—I am glad to have the pleasure of writing a few lines to you to let you know I am living and well and hope you and your family enjoy the same. You may be surprised to hear from me but I have not forgotten you. I have started to write several times before but was every time disturbed. I received the book you sent me at Camp Meade but I am sorry to tell you that I lost it in the China Sea when I was landing at Donsal, where I have been since the 21st of January. We met 1,200 insurgents there but they did not show much resistance.

Since then I have been in 26 different engagements. The insurgents made it uncomfortable for us, but we always came out victorious. There were 27 of us at a town near here, when very soon about 300 insurgents attacked us. We killed 65 and wounded 21, and we had not a man even scratched. Since then I have been engaged where we had one killed and one wounded. I always told the boys that the Lord was in our favor and we would never need to be alarmed as long as we had Him with us.

This is a very hilly country but we enjoy going out to the cocoanut groves and drinking the water of the nuts. It makes a nice drink. The houses they (the natives) live in are made out of bamboo poles and palm leaves. They don't use any nails, but lash the parts together with rattan, and all looks quite nice for a house.

We can see a volcano not far off. On the 4th of February it threw out lava and at night lit the country up for miles around, that was a beautiful sight to see. This morning at 4 o'clock we were all woke up by an earthquake. It shook the building so strong that the men could not lie in bed. It scared us all. The rainy season is here now. It rains five minutes and then the sun shines four or five minutes, and stays this way about all the time. The natives are all in the mountains dying and we have their beds and all they left. The Bellefonte boys are all well. I have now given you some idea of this country and when I come home I will tell you all about the Philippines. I would be glad to hear from you. Good-bye.

I remain your friend,
SERG'T E. R. TAYLOR,
Co. D, 47th U. S. V., Manila, P. I.

Handing this letter to us, Rev. Crittenden said, "Sure as I live I will write a letter to that dear fellow and send him another book."

—The census bureau has counted more than half the population of the United States, exclusive of the new possessions. On the basis of the average number of names returned by an enumerator and the total number of enumerators, the population of the country is estimated at about 75,630,000 against 62,662,250 in 1890. This will show a considerably smaller percentage of growth than from 1880 to 1890, owing probably to industrial depression and decreased immigration. It is about two millions less than was looked for.

—John C. Mulfinger and Miss Jennie Knoffsinger, both of Pleasant Gap were united in marriage at the Methodist parsonage at that place Friday evening at 7:30 o'clock by Rev. White. The groom is the landlord of the hotel at the Gap. After the wedding the bride and groom were teudered a serenade by the Pleasant Gap band and also by the calithumpians.

—Edwin F. Garman and Katie L. Corman, both of Mt. Pleasant Mills, are spending their honeymoon in Centre county viewing Penns' Cave and visiting at Centre Hall. The young couple are very popular and their friends tendered them a royal reception.

## MILLHEIM NEWS.

The Millheim Cornet Band furnished the music for the Lewisburg Fair on Thursday.

C. H. Klore of Harrisburg was in town this week.

Farmers and others are busy husking corn in this locality.

Sheriff Brungard had business here on Wednesday.

Many people from this section are attending the Union County Fair this week.

Misses Nora and Bert Huey of North street are visiting for a short time in Union and Northumberland counties.

Danny Zeigler is visiting his family for a few days.

Curt Kleckner is building a new house near the Reformed church and expects to occupy it by Nov. 1st.

Mrs. Ellis Shafer, who is in the hospital at Williamsport for treatment has not improved much.

William Mitterling of Tusseyville is in this section buying up sheep.

G. C. Dreisbach of Pittsburg, the picture man is here soliciting orders.

P. P. Leitzel has severed his connection with Myer's meat market, and is buying calves and hogs and shipping them to other parts.

D. L. Smith of Danville and J. L. Bowersox of Harrisburg, hardware salesmen registered at the National on Wednesday.

The waters of Elk Creek were never so low as at present. Many wells in some parts of the town are dry.

E. K. Hess of Williamsport, interviewed the trade here on Thursday.

The stores of the Hebrews here were closed Monday and Tuesday on account of the Jewish New Year. Mr. Neiman and his clerk Mr. Mamolin spent the New Year in Lock Haven.

People are busy hauling coal from Coburn, thinking that the great strike will send up the price and make it also scarce in the market.

M. S. Wagoneller of Selinsgrove, looked up his old customers a day or two this week.

Ellis Claster, a prominent business man of Lock Haven was the guest of merchant D. J. Neiman on Wednesday night.

Benjamin Cohen of Middletown, is the new clerk at Neiman's store. He is a man of ripe experience and knows his business well, also an agreeable and obliging young man.

A wedding will take place next week at Lock Haven. The contracting parties are well known, and one of our townsmen and business men will be one of the parties. More anon.

Three tramps came to town on Thursday, and one of them got into difficulty, and the consequence was high constable Ausman put him in the lockup. The tramp fought desperately, but was finally overcome.

Mrs. Cora Bowman and five children who have been visiting friends here for some weeks, returned to her home in Chicago on last Tuesday.

E. E. Kent of Lancaster was in town on Thursday.

James G. Linn of Carlisle, was in town on Thursday.

## AARONSBURG ITEMS.

And still they go. the Potatoes at 46cts. per bushel at the Coburn market.

Farmers are busy husking corn the crop will be good through this end of the valley.

People generally in and about our burg are taking down their winter apples, the pick will be a very light one, since the recent heavy winds has shaken nearly all the apples from the trees.

Rev. Geo. S. Bright, pastor English Lutheran Church at Philipsburg, paid a few days visit to friends in this place on his return home from Synod which met at New Berlin, Pa., during the past week.

The coal miners strike in progress now may cause a famine in coal with our dealers at Coburn. People are hauling in their winters supply of coal as early as possible.

Rev. Thos. J. Frederick, of the Lutheran church, preaching in Armstrong Co., accompanied by his wife paid a short visit to relatives in this place. They left for their home last Tuesday.

Geo. E. Stover returned to his place of work at Renovo last Tuesday after a weeks visit to his family at this place.

Mr. John Kreamer, one of our Octogenarians of East Main street, is confined to his house with sickness.

One day last week Wilmer Stover made twenty four hundred gallons of cider on his Hydraulic press. Wilmer thought that a good days work.

## REBERSBURG NEWS.

Mrs. C. H. Smull is on the sick list, severe cold and the Summer complaint.

Our Republicans here are sure McKinley will be our next President, and so he will, we will have the full vote if possible.

H. E. Corman returned home on Saturday evening, from Potter Co., where he was working at painting.

Dr. Bright seems to have a great number of patients, he is at least very busy, at present.

Vera Morris is again able to sit up after having a touch of typhoid fever.

The Reformed people of this place held a rally service on Sunday evening, very creditable to themselves and community.

Lewis Rossman of Farmers Mills rented John Wolfes' farm, one and one half miles west of town.

J. W. Harter and wife attended the Public Sale of his father Mr. Samuel Harter, on Wednesday.

Mr. Haugh of Livonia, exhibited a monstrous rattle snake in the Post Office one day last week, the reptile had sixteen rattles and measured four feet in length, he had also in his possession several smaller ones.

## Only One Tramp Found.

Miss Jane Yatman has just completed a bicycle ride from New York to Chicago, covering the distance in 254 hours. According to the Chicago American "she carried a revolver of large caliber for defense, but she had no occasion to use it. She met but one tramp and he was inoffensive." The question naturally arises as to how many tramps Miss Yatman would have met between New York and Chicago had she made the same trip at the time during the last Democratic administration.

—The largest Christian Endeavor State convention ever held in Penna. will meet in Philadelphia on Nov. 20-22, The day sessions will be held in Grace Baptist Temple, Broad and Berks street, where a large choir of 1500 voices will sing. The great auditorium of the Exposition building will probably be used for the evening mass meeting. The choir of 1500 voices will be the largest religious band of singers ever heard in the Keystone state.

## Lincoln's Plan to Raise Vessels.

"My father came west," said Jesse W. Weik of Greencastle, "on the same boat that carried Abraham Lincoln from Buffalo to Sandusky. Lincoln was returning from a term in congress and thought himself dead politically because of his attitude in regard to the Mexican war. The steamer ran on the shoals somewhere along the shore, and Lincoln watched the crew push air tight empty barrels under the hull of the vessel in order to raise it.

"From that time Lincoln conceived the idea of patenting a device for raising stranded vessels. He thought he had something to fall back on when he abandoned politics. His device was a series of empty leather bags fastened to the exterior of the hull of a vessel. When occasion demanded, they were to be pumped full of air from above, and the vessel thereby raised so that it could be floated. Perhaps not many people know that the invention still may be seen at the patent office in Washington. The visitor can see it if he asks. Nothing practical was ever accomplished."—Indianapolis Press.

## Ruskin's First Lesson.

Mr. Ruskin, who wrote so many famous books, said that the first lesson he learned was to be obedient.

"One evening," he says, "when I was yet in my nurse's arms, I wanted to touch the tea urn, which was boiling merrily. It was an early taste for bronzes, I suppose, but I was resolute about it. My mother bade me keep my fingers back; I insisted on putting them forward. My nurse would have taken me away from the urn, but my mother said, 'Let him touch it, nurse.'

"So I touched it, and that was my first lesson in the meaning of the word liberty. It was the first piece of liberty I got and the last which for some time I asked."—Youth's Companion.

## The Boy and the Piano.

Among other things passing over the hill and out of sight is the boy who learned how to play the piano. The people are becoming so practical that not one boy in a hundred these days is given a musical education, and when he is it is an evidence that his mother rules his father. No one is sorry to see him go. It looks bad enough to see a girl pinned to a piano stool; it is worse to see a boy there.—Atchison Globe.

## He Was the Carpenter.

The great sculptor Chantrey commenced his career as a journeyman carpenter, in connection with which fact there is an odd story told. One day while inspecting a costly vase in the house of the wealthy poet Rogers he asked, with a smile, who made the table on which the curio stood.

"Curiously enough," said Rogers, "it was not made by a cabinet maker, but by a common carpenter."

Chantrey asked, "Did you see it made?" and Rogers, supposing the query to be one of incredulity, replied positively: "Certainly. I was in the room while the man finished it with the chisel, and I gave him instructions in placing it."

Chantrey laughed and said: "You did. I remember that and all the circumstances perfectly well."

"You!" exclaimed the poet.

"Yes," said Chantrey quietly. "I was the carpenter."—Kansas City Independent.

## Guarded by Mice.

A village constable, patrolling his beat, was one day surprised to see the front gate of a cottage tenanted by an old lady flanked on each side by a mouse imprisoned in a penny trap.

Seeing the old lady peering cautiously from an upper window, the constable called her attention to the mousetraps.

"Yes, I know," she replied. "I got Blobb's boy to put 'em there. The elephant 'as escaped from the menagerie in the town an I'm mortial afeared o' the monster comin about my 'ouse. I 'ad the mice put there to frighten 'im off, 'cos I've heered that elephants are orful frightened of mice."—London Answers.

## Not Gone For Good.

Scadds—What's become of your pretty typewriter?

Trayder—She and the bookkeeper both left me very suddenly.

Scadds—For good?

Trayder—No. "For better, for worse," I believe.—Philadelphia Press.

## It Costs.

"I believe," said the well meaning man, "in giving your friend a little wholesome advice whenever the occasion arises. It doesn't cost you anything."

"It costs you your friend very often," said the wise man.—Philadelphia Press.

## The Useful Onion.

Onions are a kind of all round good medicine.

A whole onion eaten at bed time will by the next morning break the severest cold.

Onions make a good plaster to remove inflammation and hoarseness.

If an onion is smashed so as to secure all the juice in it, it will make a most remarkable smelling substance that will quiet the most nervous person.

The strength of it inhaled for a few moments will dull the sense of smell and weaken the nerves until sleep is produced from sheer exhaustion.

It all comes from one property possessed by the onion, and that is a form of opium.

## How to Help a Newspaper.

It is a noticeable fact that many good items are lost to newspapers every week by the modesty of people who hesitate to tell the reporter any matter concerning themselves. The right thing to do is to stop a newspaper man on the street or any other place and tell him when you have been on a visit, have relatives visiting you, that your wife entertained company or anything that is in any way a matter of news. If you have done anything mean, of course, keep that to yourself, for there are always others to tell that.

## Kindness of Railroaders.

In response to the request of Superintendent E. B. Westfall, that each railroader in that official's district give ten cents to a fund for the Galveston sufferers, Mr. Westfall has received $179.40. The amount was sent to Governor Sayers, of Texas, and in acknowledging its receipt the governor sent the following:

"Telegram received. Have drawn as instructed. Please extend to the employes of the eastern division, P. and E. railroad, and Susquehanna division, Northern Central railway, my most hearty and grateful acknowledgements for their generosity."

## Employes at Burnham Strike.

HARRISBURG, October 3.—The 300 employes of the Logan Iron and Steel works at Burnham, Mifflin county, have quit work as a result of notices posted reducing puddlers from $4 to $2 per ton and other employes in proportion. Low prices and dullness in the iron trade are given as the reasons for the reduction.

—The United Evangelicals of Linden Hall having placed a 750 lb. bell in the tower of their church and papered the inside, will reopen the same Oct. 14. Rev. Rhoads will be assisted by several able ministers from a distance.

—The Tyrone Foundry and Machine Co., has been chartered by the State Department. Capital $25,000.

## What Hats Are Made Of.

The silk plush out of which hats are made comes almost entirely from France, all attempts to produce it in the United States having ended in failure. Nine-tenths of the felt hats worn in America are made from the fur of the rabbit and hare. Much wool is used in the cheaper grades of felt hats and in the cloth of which cloth hats and caps are made. These latter have come in vogue through the great demand for uniforms and outing suits. Every soldier and sailor has a cloth cap, and every golfer, wheelman, ball player, fisherman, hunter, "bubbler," automobiler, jockey, yachtsman and camerist requires one to complete his equipment. The army of railroad employees, porters, elevator boys, bellboys, steamboat officials, and, in fact, all uniformed help, increase the demand.—New York Press.

## VOLUNTEER FIREMEN.

### Their State Convention is Now in Session at New Castle.

NEW CASTLE, Pa., October 3.—The State Firemen's association met at 10 o'clock Tuesday morning in the opera house with 540 members present and 1,200 firemen from different parts of the State. The meeting was called to order by the president, S. S. Smith, of Norristown. The annual report of President Smith was read, and this referred to business that was strictly for the members of the association. W. W. Wunder, of Reading, read the committee reports, one of which was a recommendation for legislation that would give the fire chief control of the grounds surrounding the scene of a fire.

A communication from United States Senator Boise Penrose was read stating that he would protect the interest of the firemen in this State in the Platt bill, which is now pending in the senate, which is said to be detrimental to the interests of the firemen. The Platt bill destroys the 2 per cent. commission from insurance companies to which the firemen are now entitled.

The meeting then adjourned until morning, after which the firemen and their wives were the guests of the local department in a trolley ride, a banquet at Cascade park and a ball.

## The Largest Minstrels in the World.

That is what Hi Henry's big minstrel aggregation claims and they will give one of their inimitable performance at Garman's opera house on Friday evening, Oct. 5th.

All that years of experience, musical ability, study, observation and money can do has been brought to bear to make this attraction the leader in minstrel line, and a shining example to its competitors, bright up-to-date comedians, gifted singers, high grade vaudeville, sensational automobile parades and superb gold $10,000 military band all combine to form the leading minstrel attraction of the day, remember the date. Seats now on sale at Parish's drug store.

WANTED—One young man from Centre County, to prepare for the coming RAILWAY MAIL SERVICE Examination. We furnish everything, including BOOKS and MAPS. Address, enclosing stamp. Inter-State Correspondence Institute, Cedar Rapids, Iowa. oct4-4t

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EVERYBODY IS COMING TO
The County Fair
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ARE YOU? IF NOT WHY NOT?

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Which Simply Means
FREE
Call at once and secure your tickets.

Suits made to order, - - $15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20
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The new shapes in Pearl Soft Hats, - 50c to 2 50
Everything in proportion. Remember Ladies' Department.

PUMPKIN CONTEST Ends Oct. 13th at 3 P. M. Be sure to be on hand to get your prize. $10.00 Suit for heaviest Pumpkin; $5.00 for next heaviest, and a prize of great usefulness to everyone bringing in a pumpkin. We have FREE TICKETS for all our customers for the COUNTY FAIR.

Montgomery & Co.

## THE GRAND SCHEMER

### A CRISIS COMES AND MAJOR CROFOOT MEETS IT JOYFULLY.

**His Frowning Landlady Presents Her Badly Belated Bill, and She Is Promptly Taken Into the Universal Musical Company.**

[Copyright, 1900, by C. B. Lewis.]

Major Crofoot, grand promoter and general organizer, had observed signs of a coming calamity around his boarding house. He hadn't sat down with pencil and paper and figured that it was three months since he had paid his landlady a dollar, but in a dim, undefined way he put it at about three. He hadn't taken half an hour to wonder how much longer things could run on tick, but hoped it might be for three months more. He was living on in a blissful state of certain uncertainty, finding fault with the steak and suggesting a change of puddings, when the demeanor of the landlady warned him that a crisis was at hand. He was the man for the crisis. It was at the dinner table that the notes of the

"WHY SPEAK OF DOLLARS?"

warning bell struck his ear, and when he had finished his meal he rose up before the other boarders with the dignity of a millionaire and observed:

"Madam the landlady, if not too much trouble I wish you would come to my room this evening for your check. I like to balance my books once a month."

The shot told. The landlady's frown changed to a smile as soft as jelly, and the three or four boarders who had been hinting that the major was a deadbeat and would bilk the house felt a large feeling of awe steal over them. Half an hour later the woman knocked at the major's door and found him seated with his checkbook in front of him.

"My dear woman," he began, as he motioned for her to sit down, "your trust and confidence in me are something sublime—really sublime. I am not a man given to emotion, but in this case—in this case"—

"You owe me three months' room rent and board," she said as he paused to find other words.

"That is the case exactly, as I found to my surprise in footing my ledger this afternoon. Yes. For three long months I have occupied this room and sat at your table, and you have not even hinted at filthy lucre in payment. I don't exactly remember what Cleopatra did to win undying fame, but if she reposed the sublime confidence in a man that you have reposed in me I don't wonder that her name is engraven on the scrolls of time forever more."

"I have been trying to catch you for the last month, but you have dodged me," replied the landlady with exceeding candor.

"In other words, madam, I have been too wrapped up in gigantic speculations to remember that I owed you a few dollars. However, the fact remains that you did not worry over my indebtedness."

"But I have worried. I have been afraid you'd get your trunk out and skip."

"The fact remains, madam," repeated the major as he nibbled at the penholder and looked into vacancy—"the fact remains that you have not worried. You knew and felt that the debt was safe. You might have worried about others, but about Major Crofoot—never. Ah, it makes me feel better toward the whole world to have a person trust me thus! Such trust! Such confidence! Such childish faith in the midst of universal wickedness!"

"And now you will pay me for 13 weeks at $8 per week?" she queried as she laid the bill before him.

"My dear woman," he replied as he rose up to walk about, "why specify the flight of time? Why speak of dollars? Thirteen weeks at $8 per week makes a total of $104, of course, but should we thus brutalize sentiment? Let me say that you have trusted me. Let me say that you have put me down as a man of honor. Then let me repay you for your confidence rather than for your room and board. We will say that I hand you a check for $200."

"You don't mean it, major," she exclaimed, with a catch of her breath.

"I sit down thus. I fill in a check for $200, so. I tear it off and hand it to you, and with it goes a deeper feeling than I can explain. If there are tears in my eyes, you will please excuse them."

"I knew you would pay. I told them you were no deadbeat," said the overcome landlady as she held the check in trembling fingers.

"And your confidence was not misplaced. Let me call your attention to the fact that this check is made out to the order of J. Jordan. He is the treasurer of the corporation, you know."

"But what corporation?"

"The Universal Musical company, my friend. The organization was perfected last week, all the necessary capital paid in, and we shall begin work next Monday. Having an instinctive feeling that you trusted me and wishing to prove my gratitude in something beyond words, I have reserved $10,000 worth of stock for you at ground floor figures. A dividend of 50 per cent on this stock, which is a low estimate, brings you in $5,000 per year. All you need do is to sit with folded hands."

"But I don't want stock in any of your companies," she protested. "I've got to have money to run my house."

"The object of the company," he explained, "is to provide music for the world at the cheapest possible price, and in supplying music we supply sentiment, raise the social standard and make the whole world happier and better. We also make a saving in provisions and fuel. A man with a fiddle will sit for hours and never know whether a room is hot or cold. A woman who is giving Mozart a twist on the piano wants neither dinner nor supper. Give a boy a mouth organ, and he will not ask for bread and butter as long as he has wind enough left to blow. It is the scheme of my life, and millions of profit will soon be rolling in."

"But about this check?" she insisted.

"A great scheme and in many ways a noble enterprise. Let us take a city block, for instance. We will say there are 200 families on the block. The Universal supplies those families with pianos or organs, zithers, fiddles, harps, hand organs, mouth organs, brass bands, bugles, fifes and drums. From 7 o'clock in the morning to 10 o'clock at night there is music. No one has time to quarrel or get drunk. No one stops to eat or wonder whether it's cold or hot. Music evokes sentiment, love, pity, charity. Human nature is elevated and purified, and the rent for the various instruments comes rolling in as fast as two men can count the dollars. My dear woman, you see"—

"But this check."

"You will take it to J. Jordan and deposit it as security for your stock, and you will order two pianos, three fiddles, four harps, two drums and a set of bagpipes for this house. The effect on your boarders will be"—

"But I thought you were going to square up," exclaimed the landlady. "What do I know about your company or stocks? Whenever I present my bill, you always dodge and twist."

"In case you do not wish to use the check to secure stock you can ask Mr. Jordan to indorse it over to me. I will then indorse it to the vice president, he will indorse it to the secretary, and the secretary will indorse it to you. You will then have to be identified at the bank. It will take some few days or weeks to obtain the money, but it is a mere question of time. Meanwhile things go over. Ask yourself if it is not your duty to help us elevate the moral tone of society? Ask yourself if it is not better to have $5,000 a year dividends than to be slaving your life away in a boarding house. Ask yourself"—

"Can't you give me $10 on account?" asked the landlady in desperation as she put the check on the table.

"What! Discount my own paper after your sublime confidence in me?" he exclaimed. "Never, my dear woman, never! You must be paid in full. Indeed, you have been paid in full anyhow, and now it only remains for you to leave me to balance up my cashbook and write 15 or 20 business letters of a pressing nature. You trusted me, and you have your reward. Don't fail to be identified at the bank. If there should be any trouble, just call on me. And now good night and pleasant dreams to you."

"Major, I want this room tomorrow," called the landlady when she found herself outside the door.

No answer.

"And you'll have to go!"

But she talked to the silence of the grave.

M. QUAD.

### She Knew.

Marjorie is the small and only daughter in a family which boasts of several sons. Aged 4 is Marjorie, petite and imperious and enjoying excellent opportunities for becoming spoiled. She has lately attained to the dignity of the kindergarten and comes home daily with some fresh acquisition of wisdom. A few days ago it was addition, and she proclaimed proudly at the dinner table:

"I know how much two and two make and free and two and four and two."

"And what," said her father, "do you and I make, Marjie?"

Without a moment's hesitation over these new factors in her problem, the little maid answered, with a dimple and a smile:

"Sweethearts."

And all the family were satisfied with Marjie's arithmetic.—London Answers.

### She Did "Heat" It.

A Milford (Mass.) man engaged as a helper a girl just from England. The letter H was a capital letter in her vocabulary. A very rich pudding was served for dinner, but as two members of the family were delayed the mistress put on a plate two large portions, rang for the girl and said "Heat it" for the absent members. Later, when the girl was found struggling and stuffing with the pudding, she besought my friend to let her off, as she couldn't "heat" another bite.

### Johnny's Compliment.

Johnny, a Sunday school boy, having arrived at his eighth birthday, thought it would be real nice to write a letter to his papa, and this is how he began it:

Dear Papa—Whenever I am tempted to do wrong I think of you and say, "Get thee behind me, satan!"

—Exchange.

Sand registered the hours in the middle ages. For this purpose black marble dust, boiled nine times in wine, was a favorite recipe with learned monks.

The Chinese boy's ambition is to become a civil magistrate. Even servants save money to educate their sons with this aim.

## SURGEONS' THREAD.

### MATERIALS THAT ARE USED TO SEW UP CUTS AND WOUNDS.

**There Are Many Kinds of Instruments and Needles and a Great Variety of Stitches Used In Life Saving Operations.**

Imagine a tailor who deliberately plans to have the stitches he so carefully sews give way at a certain time. Suppose he should use one kind of thread in a coat warranted to break in one week, another kind in the trousers guaranteed to fall apart in a month and using permanent material only in making up a waistcoat. Yet this is exactly what the surgeon does every day. Sutures, as the surgeon's thread is called, are made from various materials, according to the requirements. Catgut, silk thread, silkworm gut, silver wire, kangaroo tendons and horsehair are in common use.

Catgut was at one time obtained from members of the feline tribe. As its use increased the supply ran short. Experiments showed that sheep furnished an acceptable substitute. So catgut used by surgeons, jewelers and makers of musical instruments comes now from the submucosa, or middle layer of the intestine of a sheep. It is the most commonly used of all suturing material. Catgut stitches are absorbed in from five to seven days, depending on the individual upon whom they are used. In occasional instances catgut stitches have been known to be absorbed in 36 hours. By treating it with chromic acid such a suture will remain in position for many weeks. Because of its adaptability and the cheapness of the material catgut heads the list of surgical threads.

Silkworm gut can be more thoroughly sterilized than any other known suture material. In preparing sutures of all sorts the usual method is to boil the material in ether, allow it to soak for 24 hours, then place it in alcohol for a day or two and follow this with a bath of mercury solution. Notwithstanding this thorough cleansing, the microscope reveals germs still present in varying numbers in many instances. Silkworm sutures show fewer microorganisms than other materials treated in this way; hence it is highly recommended for surgical work. The material is extracted from a silkworm killed immediately before it begins to weave its cocoon. Unfortunately for surgeons, silkworm sutures are not absorbed, but remain permanently in place. For this reason its use is restricted to special work.

The short, tough tendons taken from the tail of a kangaroo furnish surgeons with a valuable thread. Kangaroo tendon stitches will hold fast for many days. The time of absorption is estimated from four weeks to two months.

Horsehair and silver wire sutures are nonabsorbable. The fluids of the body do not affect them in any way, and once in place the stitches will remain until forcibly removed. By some it is asserted that silver wire has distinct antiseptic properties. Nitrate of silver in solution is known to be a good germicide. Hence it is argued that a silver salt injurious to germ development is formed by the contact of body fluids with silver wire. Thus stitch abscesses are said to be of rare occurrence when silver wire is utilized.

Silk thread, such as is used by tailors, but of the finest quality and of larger caliber, is frequently used. The stitches are practically nonabsorbable, though at times no trace of the thread has been found in the tissue at the expiration of a year.

To accommodate this assortment of threads special varieties of needles are naturally required. A surgeon's "housewife" contains needles that would scarcely be recognized as such by the uninitiated. Besides the needles curved in different segments of a circle, surgeons use needles shaped like spears, javelins and bayonet points. Some are as long as bodkins, terminating in a point like a miniature knife blade. Others have the sharpened end triangular, with the apices of the angles sharpened to a razor edge. Some few are formed like ordinary sewing needles, but made of greater tensile strength.

Instead of a thimble a surgeon uses an instrument called a needle holder. It is shaped like a pair of scissors, the points of which are blunt clamps. The needle is held fast between the jaws of the clamps until released by opening the two blades as scissors are opened. Then a fresh hold is taken, and the action repeated with every stitch.

A skillful surgeon has perfect command of the needle at all times. There are moments during an operation when a well placed stitch means saving the life of a patient. At such times the skillful surgeon displays a celerity and deftness not surpassed in embroidery.

The surgeon relies upon certain stitches for different needs, just as the dressmaker picks and chooses among the various forms of stitching. The hemstitch, catstitch, whalebone, herringbone, running stitch and back hand so dear to the feminine fingers have their counterparts in the surgeon's mattress suture, interrupted and continuous suture, subcuticular suture, purse string and figure eight sutures, Lembert and Czerney sutures. As the seamstress selects an appropriate stitch for a seam, a buttonhole or an edging, so the surgeon chooses in forming his life saving stitches.—New York Sun.

### Her Way.

"Is Georgiana a sympathetic friend?"

"Well, when she praises anything I wear she does it in a way which makes me feel that everything I usually wear is simply hideous."—Indianapolis Journal.

The average duration of marriages in England is 28 years; in France and Germany, 26; Norway, 24; Russia, 20.

## MADE HER FORTUNE.

**Boarding House Steaks That Grew Tender Under a Four Ton Hammer.**

"Speaking of luck," said a reminiscent man, "reminds me of how fortune came to a boarding house keeper in a mill town where I once lived. There came to the house when he first struck the town a new millhand. This boarder seemed at first just like any other young man with a good appetite, out of whom the profit to be made was likely to be small, but it was speedily discovered that he was a man of ability and promise, who was likely to get on at the mill. He made great progress at the works. It wasn't long before he was at the head of the section of the forge department there, the boss, in fact, of the four ton hammers.

"As far as he was concerned the only thing that marred his happiness was the toughness of the steaks they had at the boarding house, and that they were tough nobody could deny. But he was equal to the occasion there as he had proved himself to be at the mill.

"'Madam,' he said one day to the landlady, 'if you will let me take the steaks you buy before you cook them I will make them just as tender as can be without any cost to you whatsoever.'

"Now, he had paid his board regularly, and he was at that moment virtually the star boarder. The landlady handed him the next morning without hesitation the bundle of steaks just as it came from the butcher, and the hammer boss just took 'em over to the mill, this being before the regular starting time in the morning, and, adjusting one of the four ton hammers to about the right gauge, started it up and ran the steaks a couple of times under the hammer.

"Good? Why, they were just simply beautiful, and every morning after that the genial hammer boss used to run across to the mill before breakfast and quietly, without the knowledge of any one, run the landlady's steaks back and forth once under the four ton hammer. The fame of the landlady's tender steaks grew rapidly, as did also, naturally, the number of her boarders. And so she accumulated wealth."—New York Sun.

## HOW TURKS EAT.

**They Use No Tables, Chairs, Knives, Forks or Plates.**

The Turks use no tables in their homes, and chairs are unknown, says London Answers. Instead there is a huge wooden frame built in the middle of the room, about 18 inches high, and when the family assembles to dine cushions are brought, placed upon the frame, and on these the members seat themselves, tailor fashion, forming a circle around a large tray which occupies the center.

The tray is a very large wooden, plated or silver affair, according to the social and financial condition of the family, and thereon is deposited a capacious bowl. About it are ranged saucers of sliced cheese, anchovies, caviare and sweetmeats of all sorts. Interspersed with these are goblets of sherbet, pieces of hot unleavened bread and a number of boxwood spoons, with which to drink the soup.

Knives, forks and plates do not figure in the service, but each one has a napkin spread upon his knees, and every one, armed with a spoon, helps himself.

When this is consumed, the bowl is borne away, and another great dish takes its place. This time it is a conglomeration of substantials, all stewed up together, such as mutton, game or poultry. The mess has been divided by the cook into small portions, which are dipped up with the aid of a spoon or with the fingers.

For the host to fish out of the mess a wing or leg of a fowl and present it to a guest is considered a great compliment, and for a Turk of high degree to roll a morsel between his fingers and then put it into the mouth of a visitor is looked upon as the height of favor and good manners.

### A Dye Wanted.

Our consul in Birmingham says that several years ago one of the Barbers, of threadmaking fame, told him that the discoverer of a fast black dye for linen thread could command his own price. Examine the thread holding the buttons in men's clothing, and you will see that after a short time the black disappears, and even new linen thread has not sufficient depth of color. It is impossible to find in the English shops men's black cotton socks with tops at all elastic. The fast black dye for cotton was the discovery of an English chemist. English hose manufacturers would not at first buy his secret, but the Germans did and built up a trade all over the world.—New York Times.

### Mutual Recognition.

"Bless my soul!" explained the man with the iron gray beard, cordially extending his hand. "Ain't you the towheaded boy that used to worry the life out of me 25 years ago, back in old Chemung county, by climbing my orchard fence and stealing my apples?"

"If you're the infernally mean and stingy old hunks who owned that orchard and used to set your dog on any boy who came within half a mile of it, I am," replied the younger man, grasping the proffered hand and shaking it heartily.—Chicago Tribune.

### To Be Concise.

"Young man," said the editor to the budding journalist who brought him a column story which could have been told better in ten lines, "when a man discovers his house is ablaze he doesn't go to the window and tell the passers-by that 'half an hour ago what threatened to be a terrible conflagration broke out in the upper story of the palatial mansion occupied by Mr. Jeremiah Dickens.' He simply rushes to the front and shouts 'Fire!' Be concise, young man."

## THE TASK.

Said Duty: "Take thy pen and write
Life throbbing lines, words weighed with import high!
Enough of sonneting on Sylvia's eye!
Enough of singing of her rose and white!"
I sit me down, when, lo, upon my sight
(My inner sight, since there is no one nigh!)
A vision flashes; thoughts of Duty fly
Like southering birds adown an autumn night.

O mentor stern, no task that thou canst set,
I care not whatsoe'er thou bidst it be,
Will far remove me from some dream of her!
Look, I am wearing Love for amulet!
And hence thou mayst as soon part land and sea
As thoughts of Love from Love's true worshiper!

—Clinton Scollard in Cosmopolitan.

## THE SECRET SERVICE.

**Tiresome Work of Reading a Cipher Dispatch of 2,000 Words.**

Some governments make use of numerals for their ciphered communications with their agents abroad, others a mixture of numerals and words, and yet others exclusively words. Of course, the only problem that needs solution in dispatches of this kind is to ascertain the key number or key word. When that is accomplished, the remainder is easy, though generally very tedious. Indeed it is difficult to conceive of a more tiresome, head splitting piece of work than either to cipher or decipher a dispatch of some 1,500 or 2,000 words. The writer talks from sad and weary experience.

Some governments change the key word or key numerals with each dispatch, according to a settled arrangement. Others, again, change it every month. Sometimes it is placed at the beginning of the dispatch, at other times at the end. To the uninitiated a dispatch of this kind will appear in the nature of a Chinese puzzle, but to an expert cryptographer the deciphering of a government code dispatch is mere child's play.

Occasionally the dispatch will appear a mere jumble of consonants without any meaning, while at other times it will be so ciphered as to contain sensible and plausible sentences, the meaning of which appears on the surface. It was a code of this kind that was used by the Spanish secret agents in this country during the war with Spain, and the clever staff of secret service men employed by the United States government were in a very short time possessed of a key to the cipher in question.—New York Tribune.

## A KAFFIR "SMOKER."

**The Native Women Are Enthusiastic Devotees of the Weed.**

In South Africa the native woman smokes incessantly. Your native servant smokes as she cooks and as she washes. The tobacco she likes is rank. The dainty cigarette an English or Russian lady of fashion enjoys, smoked through a quill, so that no nicotine can stain either teeth or fingers, would be sneered at by a Kaffir. "Give me a pipe and something in it I can taste," is in effect what she says.

The men Kaffirs are beyond tobacco. They smoke something so vehement that it makes them cough and splutter, lose their breath, choke and sneeze to an alarming degree. They like snuff, too, and are fond of offering and taking pinches of it ("schniff" they call it) when they meet and visit one another.

Regarding tobacco as too mild for their taste, the Kaffirs take another weed and smoke that. They proceed to arrange a smoking party, by squatting on the ground and getting ready their "pipe," a cow horn with a thin tube in it inserted half way down at right angles to the horn. The end of the tube is in a basin, and it is from it that the smoker sucks the strong stuff that makes him incapable of anything but a series of coughs and chokes for some time after he has had his turn at the pipe, which is passed around from man to man, until a perfect chorus of coughs rends the air.

The tobacco the Boers smoke looks like poor tea and is peculiar in flavor, yet Englishmen who have become used to it acquire such a taste for it that they never ask for any other kind.—London Mail.

### Relics of Former Ages.

The big tree of California is unique in the world. It is the largest, oldest and most majestically graceful of all trees. Scarcest of known tree species, it is the best living representative of a former geologic age. It has come down through the ages simply by reason of its superb powers of defense against hostile conditions. The bark is sometimes as much as two feet thick and is almost noncombustible. The oldest specimens felled are still sound at the heart. Yet, with all its advantages, the big trees do not seem to have increased their range since the glacial epoch.—Washington Post.

### Not His.

The drill instructor's face turned scarlet with rage as he rated a raw Irish recruit for his awkwardness.

"Now, Rafferty, you'll spoil the line with those feet. Draw them back instantly, man, and get them in line!" Rafferty's dignity was hurt.

"Plaze, sargint," he drawled solemnly, "they're not mine; they're Micky Doolan's, in the rear rank!"

### A Green Hand.

He was a new freight handler.

"Load those barrels in that car," ordered the freight agent.

"Oi can't load barrels in that car, sor," responded the new man.

"Why not?"

"It's a box car, sor."—Chicago News.

The Adirondack mountains embrace an area of over 2,800,000 acres, and in this area fully 300 mountain peaks rise to altitudes ranging from 1,200 to 5,000 feet.

Few things are impossible in themselves. It is not so much means as perseverance that is wanting to bring them to a successful issue.

## DISSUADED FROM SUICIDE.

**The Convincing Argument a Parson Used With Telling Effect.**

"An Arkansas country store keeper of my acquaintance had a bad attack of melancholy about a year ago," said a New Orleans drummer, "and attempted to commit suicide. He put a pistol to his head and pulled the trigger, but the cartridge failed to explode, and before he could try it again the weapon was taken away. However, he swore he would do the deed the first chance he got, and he was no doubt really of that intention when he was talked out of it by a little itinerant preacher who was a reformed gambler. The argument used by the parson was so peculiar and ingenious that it made a deep impression on my mind. 'You know you would be a dead man,' he said as nearly as I can remember, 'if it wasn't for the fact that there was a defective cartridge under the hammer of your revolver. Now, a defective cartridge is a very unusual thing,' he went on. 'They calculate at the manufactory that there is possibly one to the quarter million turned out. The chance of that bad cartridge being in the boxful that you bought for your gun was not over one to another quarter million, the chance of your getting hold of it when you loaded was exactly 1 to 50, and the chance of it being under the hammer was 1 to 5. That makes the total odds 1 to 500,055.'

"At that point the little preacher suddenly straightened up, his eyes flashed fire, his chest expanded, and he shook his forefinger under the storekeeper's nose. 'You miserable sinner,' he roared, 'do you imagine for a minute that the Lord would have given you that kind of odds and let you win out on the play if he hadn't got some good and special use for your life? Don't let me ever hear of you trying to block him again!'

"The would be suicide thought the thing over and concluded that the parson was right. His melancholy promptly disappeared, and the last time I saw him he was bubbling over with cheerfulness. He believes firmly he is a man of destiny."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

## ALL HONOR TO PARSLEY.

**Curious Folklore and History Concerning This Common Herb.**

Some quaint ideas have hovered around that familiar garden herb and dish adorner, parsley. In England, Devonshire folk declare that parsley must never be transplanted or great evil will follow. Suffolk people say it will not come up double unless sown on Good Friday—a notion that experiments might surely soon have disproved—while ancient dwellers in Hampshire steadfastly refuse to give any parsley away. Ask them for roses, lilies, fruit or rare vegetables, and basketfuls will be gladly bestowed on you, but request a few sprigs of parsley and you will be told, with a solemn shaking of heads, "No, we never pick parsley for any one, unless it's paid for!"

The great historian Plutarch relates an interesting anecdote on the subject of this herb. Timoleon was leading an army against the Carthaginians. "But as he was ascending a hill from the top of which the enemy's camp and all their vast forces would be in sight, he met some mules laden with parsley, and his men took it into their heads that it was a bad omen because we usually crown the sepulcher with parsley, and thence comes the proverb with regard to one that is dangerously ill, 'Such a one has need of nothing but parsley.' To deliver them from this superstition and to remove the panic Timoleon ordered the troops to halt, and making a speech suitable to the occasion, observed among other things that crowns were brought them before the victory and offered themselves of their own accord. For the Corinthians from all antiquity have looked upon a wreath of parsley as sacred, crowning the victors with it at the isthmian games." The general then crowned himself and all his officers with parsley wreaths, and led his men to battle, their fears conquered, the result being a decisive victory.—Chicago Times-Herald.

### Measuring Medicines.

A teaspoonful is just one dram; a dessertspoonful, two drams; a tablespoonful, four drams.

In mixing or administering drugs of any sort quantities should be carefully measured in a medicine glass, for then one may be quite sure of the amount given, which is quite impossible to be if one uses spoons, for these vary in size according to fashion.

When measuring medicine, it is best to stand the glass on the table, for if one holds it in the hand one may easily hold it crookedly, and thus inadvertently pour out a larger or smaller amount than is prescribed by the doctor. In some cases errors of this kind might be mischievous in effect.

### A Remarkable Railroad.

One of the most remarkable railroads in the United States is that which runs from Fabyan, at the foot of Mount Washington, to the summit—a distance of 3.38 miles. The time required in making the ascent is one and one-half hours, which is at the rate of a mile in 27 minutes. The descent is made in the same time. The fare is $4 for the round trip, or at the rate of 60 cents a mile. No other road in the world charges quite so much and few run trains at a speed quite so slow. About 6,000 passengers are carried annually.

### Little Lucy's Prayer.

One evening little Lucy knelt to lisp her evening prayer. Her little heart was bursting with self satisfaction—she had been so exemplary all through the day. "O Lord," she said, "make me very good, even better than I am."

Many an older person thinks this prayer if he does not dare to put it into words.—Oswego Times.

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

# CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

# CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.


—J. W. Gephart and family have closed their home on East Linn street, and taken rooms for the winter at the Bush House.

### A Thousand Tongues.

Could not express the rapture of Annie E. Springer, of Philadelphia, when Dr. King's New Discovery cured her of a hacking cough that for many years had made life a burden. She says: "After all other remedies and doctors failed it soon removed the pain in my chest and I can now sleep soundly, something I can scarcely remember doing before. I feel like sounding it's praises throughout the Universe." Dr. King's New Discovery is guaranteed to cure all troubles of the Throat, Chest or Lungs. Price 50c and $1. Trial bottles free at F. Potts Green's drug store.

NEW YORKERS are doing considerable election betting, but ex-speaker Reed isn't one of the betters.

CUBA elections are over, but yellow jack is paying Havana a visit that is stirring things up.


# CONSUMPTION

Do not think for a single moment that consumption will ever strike you a sudden blow. It does not come that way.

It creeps its way along.

First you think it is a little cold, nothing but a little hacking cough; then a little loss in weight; then a harder cough; then the fever and the night sweats.

Better stop the disease while it is yet creeping. Better cure your cough today.

You can do it with

# Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

The pressure on the chest is lifted, that feeling of suffocation is removed, and you are cured. You can stop that little cold with a 25 cent bottle; harder coughs will need a 50 cent size; if it's on the lungs the one dollar size will be most economical.

"I confidently recommend Ayer's Cherry Pectoral to all my patrons. I am using it now in my own family. Forty years ago I feel sure it saved my life." A. S. EDSON, M.D., Jan. 4, 1898. Fort Madison, Iowa.

Write the Doctor at any time. Address, DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.


### DEATH OF JUDGE METZGAR.

**President Judge of Lycoming County Passes Away.**

Judge John J. Metzgar, of Williamsport, died suddenly at noon Thureday at his home in that city, while at the dinner table. Judge Metzgar had been in usual good health and was at his office Thursday morning. His death was caused by heart failure.

Dr. McCormick was called as quickly as possible, but the Judge was dead when he reached the house. Judge Metzgar was serving his second term as president judge of Lycoming county. His son, George V. M. Metzgar, a practicing attorney, and his family made their home with the Judge.

For several years the Judge had suffered from a complication of diseases, which had weakened his system to such an extent that his heart became affected. Of late the Judge had suffered severely, but had attended to his official duties uninterruptedly except during the last term of the criminal court. Early in September he was compelled by a sudden attack to retire from the bench for a couple of days. He had since declined noticeably and his friends had been much alarmed in consequence.

Judge Metzgar was born in Lycoming county June 20th, 1838, and was sixty-two years of age. He was educated in the public schools and Dickinson seminary, Williamsport. After teaching school for five terms he began the study of law in 1858 and was admitted to the Lycoming county bar in 1860. In 1862 he was elected District Attorney. In 1866 he was a member of City Council. From 1869 to 1872 he was connected with the Williamsport Board of Education. In 1872 he was elected a delegate to the Constitutional convention. He was elected President Judge of Lycoming county in 1888. He was re-elected in 1898 for a second term, having been nominated on both the Democratic and Republican tickets. He was a Democrat. He went out twice with the emergency men during the civil war.

### Healthiest Town in the World.

The honor of being the healthiest town in the United States, and perhaps in the world, belongs to Millerstown, Pa. The death rate, according to the latest statistics issued from Washington, gives Millerstown but one in every 1,000 inhabitants. The average deaths for the big towns and cities in the United States runs from 10 in 1,000 up to 20 and even more.

Millerstown has about 2,500 inhabitants. It lies in the Juniata Valley at the base of the Blue mountains overhanging the Juniata river, about thirty-three miles west of Harrisburg, on the Pennsylvania railroad.

The exceedingly healthy condition of the town is largely due to the water supply which is free from pollution. The town is supplied with water from springs which flow into the Juniata river. While it is not claimed that the springs contain medicinal properties, the water is transparently pure. The absence of any manufactories or big works keeps the air free from smoke and dirt.

The sanitary arrangements of the town are in excellent condition and receive close attention from the officials.

THE shade of Ananias must read with envy some of the speeches made by our democratic polititions.

# THE GILLINTOWN TRAGEDY

## Latest Story of How Pretty Annie Hobbins Met Her Death.

## PISTOL ACCIDENTALLY DISCHARGED

**Says John Keenan Who is Beside Himself With Worry Over the Sad Affair—Murder Charge is False.**

## SEVEN YEAR OLD CHILD ONLY WITNESS

John Keenan, who was brought here Wednesday evening and placed in jail for shooting his sweetheart, Annie Hobbins at Gillintown, Wednesday, is almost beside himself with grief. He is held pending an official investigation of the shooting by the coroner. He was formally committed by Justice D. H. Yearger, of Moshannon, before whom a preliminary hearing was held Wednesday afternoon. Keenan swears that the shooting was purely accidental, though he admits that the deplorable affair was due to his own carelessness. He says the pistol was discharged while he and Miss Hobbins and the latter's seven year old sister, Alice, were riding in a wagon on their way to get a load of wood. Constable Oscar Holt, of Burnside township, brought Keenan here in a carriage Wednesday evening. The prisoner ate but little, and spent the night in sleeplessness. The next morning he had an appearance of dejectedness akin to collapse. A watch will be kept on him lest he takes his own life.

The little sister of the dead girl will be the main witness against Keenan, for upon her testimony depends the truthfulness of Keenan. It is reported that little Miss Hobbins declares that Keenan and her sister Annie fought before the shooting, but whether the child means that they playfully scuffled for possession of the firearm, or that Annie struggled to prevent the shot is not known. Keenan himself says there was no struggle—that the revolver was exploded accidentally while he was showing it to Annie. The bullet took effect in Miss Hobbins' left side, directly over the heart. She lived but half an hour. Keenan says his vocation is that of woodsman, but being out of employment for some time he has of late made his home with Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hobbins, one mile from Gillintown. He worked with Mr. Hobbins, in the mines, for awhile, but recently he met with an accident in which he sustained injuries disabling one hand. Since that time he has continued to live at the Hobbins home. He says that he and Annie were fast friends. Annie was a pretty girl of nineteen years. Wednesday morning at 8 o'clock Mrs. Hobbins found that she was without wood for fuel, and requested Keenan to fetch some wood. Keenan borrowed a team of horses and a wagon from a neighbor named Ward, and prepared to drive to the old Lucas saw mill, two miles away, for the fuel.

Just as he was driving away Annie and her little sister, Alice, asked permission to accompany him. The two got into the wagon—which was of the heavy, truck style—and the drive to the old mill began. When about a mile from home, Keenan says he took a revolver from his pocket and was showing to Annie, when a jolt of the wagon caused him to snap the trigger and the firearm was exploded. Annie screamed, and would have fallen from the wagon, but he caught her and placed her on the bottom of the wagon box. She spoke but a few words, asking to be taken home to her mother. The team, Keenan says, was turned about immediately, but when within sight of the girl's home she breathed her last. The shooting occurred about 10 o'clock.

Constable Holt, who was at work in a mine near Gillintown, was notified of the shooting. He took Keenan into custody, as the circumstances surrounding the affair, and the conflicting statement of the child, Alice, and Keenan, warranting the detention of the young man until a complete investigation is made. The sorrow of the mother of the girl, when her body was hauled to the door, is said to have been indescribably poignant. The father was at work in the mine and the same messenger who went for Constable Holt carried the awful news of Annie's death to Thomas Hobbins. Keenan is twenty-two years of age. The shooting occurred at a point near the iron bridge crossing Moshannon creek. The creek is the dividing line between Centre and Clearfield counties.

### Streams are Drying Up.

The Curwensville Review says unless rain comes very soon now it is feared that the fire clay works between Curwensville and Grampian will be compelled to shut down for want of sufficient water to run that plant successfully. Nearly all of the mountain streams have dried up and the water in the Susquehanna river and Anderson creek is lower just now than the Review man has seen it for thirty-five years.

### Bismarck's Iron Nerve

Was the result of his splendid health. Indomitable will and tremendous energy are not found where Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels are out of order. If you want these qualities and the success they bring, use Dr. King's New Life Pills. Only 25 cents at F. Potts Green's drug store.

### GILLILAND—MITCHELL.

**A Brilliant Social Event at Oak Hall Wednesday.**

Seldom is a wedding attended with so much pleasure or celebrated with more delightful surroundings than was that of Katharine Gardner Gilliland and George Mitchell, which was solemnized at the Gilliland home at Oak Hall, on Wednesday at noon. The day was like a June one, clear and warm. The roomy old house and lawn were beautiful with fall flowers and foliage; and 150 guests from different parts of the State made festive the occasion.

The bridal party was not large, but the bride had entertained a whole house party of relatives for days previous to the ceremony and they all assisted in making her day an ideal one. The ceremony was performed by Rev. D. E. Hepler, of the Lemont Presbyterian church, and Miss Mary Dale played the wedding march. The bride, who is tall and slender, looked exceedingly girlish and attractive. She wore a gown of Persian lawn, trimmed with lace and insertion and carried bride's roses. She was attended by her cousin, Miss Anna Sechler, of Bellefonte, as maid of honor, and Miss Bess Thompson, of Lemont, as bridesmaid. They wore white also, and carried pink carnations. The groom's brother, Bruce Mitchell, was best man and the ushers were Samuel Gilliland of Philadelphia, the bride's brother, and Geo. Thompson, of Lemont. An elaborate wedding breakfast was served directly after the ceremony and the young people departed on the 3 o'clock train for a short stay in Philadelphia, Atlantic City and Washington.

They received a number of beautiful and expensive presents and carried with them, in addition to a perfect shower of rice, the heartiest good wishes of the entire community for their contentment and prosperity. The bride, who is the older daughter of J. C. Gilliland, is a Wilson College girl. She is so capable and amiable that Mr. Mitchell is indeed in luck. He is a son of the late J. H. Mitchell and for several years has managed the Mitchell farm west of Lemont. There, upon their return, they will go to housekeeping in the old Mitchell home which has belonged to the family for generations.

### Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart.

Acts directly and quickly, stimulates the heart's action, stops most acute pain, dispels all signs of weakness, flattering, sinking, smothering or palpitation. This wonderful cure is the sturdy ship which carries the heart-sick patient into the haven of radiant and perfect health. Gives relief in most acute forms of heart disease in 30 minutes.—6

Sold by F. P. Green.

### Furnace Goes Into Blast.

Thursday morning at eight o'clock the Bellefonte furnace went into blast. The torch which lighted this huge monster was applied by Miss Sara Hastings, youngest daughter of ex-Governor and Mrs. D. H. Hastings, amid great cheering. The resumption of this furnace, which has been idle since the 25th of last June, during which time some $35,000 have been spent in making repairs, means not only employment for the citizens of Bellefonte but also hundreds of men at the mines at Scotia, Red Bank and Mattern; an increase of help at the Salona quarries where the limestone is procured; a train crew or more on the Bellefonte Central railroad. In fact every business man in Bellefonte will reap some of the benefits of the resumption of operations by the Bellefonte Furnace company.

THE international socialist congress, now in session in Paris, is said to be the most talkative assembly ever held. This will jar some of the delegates to our woman's congresses.

### Robbed the Grave.

A startling incident is narrated by John Oliver, of Philadelphia, as follows: "I was in an awful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite, growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Then I was advised to use Electric Bitters, to my great joy, the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50c., guaranteed, at F. Potts Green's drug store.

### Last Chance Gold Mine.

There are many residents of the county who will be interested in the following telegraphic report of the prospects of the "Last Chance" gold mine. The "Last Chance" is in Alaska and Many Bellefonters have stock in it. Col. Wilbur F. Reeder, of this place, is president of the company:

JUNEAU, Sept. 10.—The Last Chance basin on Gold Creek, just back of the city of Juneau, is the scene of great activity at present. Several miles of flume have been constructed this summer, and the long tunnel to tap the basin gravel has just broken through rock at a depth of 1,850 feet of drift. The gravel encountered is 87 feet below the surface. Gold Creek is now being turned into a new channel on the north side of the basin by means of a big cut and 400 feet of flume. The Last Chance company is composed largely of people from Philadelphia and the interior Pennsylvania towns.

# RIFT IN THE CLOUDS.

## Mitchell Believes Mine Operators Will Make an Offer.

## TEN PER CENT. ABOUT THE SIZE

**Further Than This He Declines To Talk Except That It Will Not Be Ended Without His Being Informed.**

## RUMORED TERMS OF SETTLEMENT

HAZLETON, Pa., September 28.—The Associated Press at 10 o'clock last night secured from President Mitchell the admission that he believes that the mine operators have agreed to make the striking mine workers an offer of a ten per cent. increase in wages.

Further than this Mr. Mitchell declines to talk. He has been reticent all day on the subject and several times declared that he knew nothing of the rumors of a settlement of the strike.

In speaking about the rumors of a settlement, Mr. Mitchell said that the strike could not be ended without him knowing it and that he had no knowledge of any effort that might now be in progress which would lead to an immediate settlement. Mr. Mitchell's attention was called to a dispatch in which J. Pierpont Morgan is credited with saying that he (Mitchell) would accept a 10 per cent. advance. Mr. Mitchell said:

"It is absolutely untrue. I am not empowered to accept anything less than what the miners in convention decided to ask for. Anything under these demands must be acted upon by a regular convention of delegates representing the anthracite miners.

Mr. Mitchell also denied having any knowledge of the opening of negotiations mentioned by President Truesdale, of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western railroad. He does not know who the third person is that Mr. Truesdale speaks of and says he has not been approached in any way.

SCRANTON, Sept. 28.—At an informal conference of the local operators last night the report of the negotiations for settling the strike was discussed and the concensus of opinion was that the influences reported to be at work towards effecting a settlement are of a political hue, to say the least, and that these interests can not advance any arguments that will cause the operators to turn from the course they have mapped out, namely, fighting to a finish the threatened invasion of the anthracite region by the United Mine Workers organization.

"Take care of the pennies and the pounds will take care of themselves."

Large things are but an aggregation of small things. If we take care of the small things we are in effect taking care of the large things which the small things combine to make.

Take care of what you eat, when you eat, and how you eat, and your stomach will take care of itself. But who takes care of such trivial things? That is why, someday, the majority of people have to take care of the stomach. When that day comes, there is no aid so effective in undoing the results of past carelessness as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It strengthens the stomach, and restores the organs of digestion and nutrition to a condition of healthy activity. It cures biliousness, heartburn, flatulence, indigestion, palpitation, dizziness, cold extremities and a score of other ailments which are but the symptoms of disorder in the stomach and its allied organs.

### A Preacher Stealing a March on a Missionary.

On the Callahan tableland, in the northern part of Lycoming county, Sunday, September 23rd, after encouraging our Bible school there, disposing of all the Bibles and Testaments I had with me and preaching a short sermon, the only Sabbath day sermon they have had for more than six months, we started through the woods by buggy with dinner-lunch aboard and an axe that might be needed. Going about two miles the axe was needed (as well as the lunch) to clear the brush so we could get around a large tree that had fallen across the road.

Three miles further, at the foot of the mountain, another buggy was waiting to take me to Otter Run school house for P. M. Bible school and preaching. At this point Preacher Reeser stole a march on me and publicly confessed that he never had or enjoyed such an experience in his life. Somebody had so planned that I should mistake the date of his semi-monthly appointment at Otter Run. I had no thought of him except at some place several miles away. I was just closing the service when Mrs. Benjamin Carson, more than twenty-five years superintendent of the Sabbath School, rose and said, "Brother Reeser is present here, in a back seat there; he will now come forward and make an announcement." If ever I had a surprise it was just then. The scene that followed, especially the Methodist part of it, can be better imagined than described, so I will close by simply saying that I am favored more than I deserve by more parties than I can name, including the DAILY NEWS.

Providentially, R. C.

HON. WHARTON BARKER is one of the most modest of the Presidential candidates; He only claims two states, Texas and Georgia.

### The New Star-Spangled Banner.

Oh, say, can you see, by the far Eastern light,
What so proudly we hailed at the twilight's last gleaming?
Whose broad stripes and bright stars, after many a fight,
In lands near and far, is so gallantly streaming?
And the thanks in our prayers, rising high in the air,
Give proof to the World that our flag is still there;
Oh, say, let that star-spangled banner be waved
O'er the lands we have freed and the peoples we've saved!

Oh, thus be it always, whenever we stand
Between the oppressed and a King's desolation!
Blest with victory and peace, may the Heaven-rescued land
Praise the Power that hath made us a powerful nation!
And onward we must, for our cause it is just:
And this be our motto, "In God is our trust;"
Let the star-spangled banner in triumph be waved
O'er the lands we have freed and the peoples we've saved!

MARTIN SAXE.

### WANTS TO GET MARRIED.

**Paul Koitsch Would Wed in Germany.**

The Williamsport *Gazette and Bulletin* last week published the following:

Paul Koitsch, of this city, who some years ago was tried and acquitted at Lock Haven of the charge of murdering little Edna Crider, is now in Germany. Like many another man, Paul wishes to wed. He is head-over-ears in love with a flaxen haired maiden of the fatherland, but Germany is not the land of the free, and before Paul can lead the lady of his choice to the altar he must first satisfy the civil authorities that he is free of all entanglements that might prove embarrassing to both himself and his prospective wife, as well as furnish some business for those same minions of the law. Germany is slow and easy going in some things, but in others she is not.

Consequently Paul must produce a testimonial as to his past life, but in order to make sure that the testimonial is genuine, those cranky German officials require that it bear the official seal of law. So Paul sat him down and indited the following letter:

"MEMEL, Germany, Sept. 6, 1900.
"To the Police Court, Williamsport, Pa., North America, U. S. A.

"Dear Sir—As I have the notion herein this city to marry and as I am a citizen of the United States, I have to bring to the Mayor Altenberg, of Memel, Ostprenssen, an attest like the following:

'The attest has to be from the city or county office at Williamsport. In the same has to be testified that the Machinist Frederick Johann Gottlob Paul Koitsch is not married and that there is nothing known that can interfere with his marriage in Germany. This attest must also have the signature of a German consul and his attest that the city or county officer has the right to give the above attest.

"Please make out the attest, or if you have not the authority, give the letter to the office what does that kind of work.

"Respectfully, PAUL KOITSCH.
"Kleine Sand Strasse. No. 7, Memel, Germany.'

So ran the letter, but as it was written in German, Chief of Police Stryker, to whom it was delivered, didn't know it ran that way until it was translated. Then he decided that he was not the "office what does that kind of work" and turned the letter over to Prothonotary Jarrett. That official, after carefully considering the matter, has concluded to write just what he knows of Paul's past life, and mail it together with newspaper clippings of the trial at Lock Haven.

While a newspaper is not a weather almanac, still a prediction may be ventured that Paul will not get his lady love. Not because he was accused of murder, for of that he was acquitted. True, it may work against him in the minds of the powers that be in Memel, but there is something stronger than that barring the matrimonial path for Paul. Miss Mary Gloeckler, of this city, thinks she has a prior claim to him and she bases her claim upon a stalwart son.

When she learned that Paul was thinking of marriage she became very indignant and it is likely that she will have a clause or two of her own to add to the testimonial—clauses that will appear very forcible indeed to the German officials.

In the meantime Paul sits by the side of his own true love and anxiously waits and watches for the mail that will bring him his "attest."

### Job Couldn't Have Stood It

If he'd had Itching Piles. They're terribly annoying; but Bucklen's Arnica Salve will cure the worst case of Piles on earth. It has cured thousands. For Injuries, Pains, Bodily Eruptions its the best salve in the world. Price 25c. a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by F. Potts Green, druggist.

PERSONAL abuse in the campaign, which is beginning to crop out in numerous directions, will neither change votes nor reflect credit upon anybody.

UNCLE SAM to his whilom allies in China: "No, thanks! I've been out of the chestnut pulling business a long time."

THE gentlemen who daily prove that figures can lie most outrageously now enjoying an inning.


CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

The Bellefonte Republican

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

WILBUR F. HARRIS.

## Local Department.

—Only two more weeks until Centre county's big fair takes place—the first in 19 years.

—Lyman H. Howe's high class moving pictures will be the attraction at Garman's opera house, Nov. 8.

—Is it a burn? Use Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. A cut? Use Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. At your druggists.

—A force of men under Col. George A. Bayard repaired the Patent pavement in front of Temple Court Wednesday.

—Dyspepsia—bane of human existence· Burdock Blood Bitters cures it, promptly, permanently. Regulates and tones the stomach.

—If you want to have a good time with lots of sports attend the first annual fair of the Centre county Agricultural Exhibiting company.

—Only one remedy in the world that will at once stop itchiness of the skin in any part of the body; Doan's Ointment. At any drug store, 50 cents.

—The Galveston Relief Fund has been augmented by a contribution of $15.06 from the Bellefonte Academy, through its principal, Rev. James P, Hughes.

—Coughs and colds, down to the very borderland of consumption, yield to the soothing healing influences of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

—Help along a good cause by attending the festival at No. 57 East Linn street next Saturday evening, Oct. 6th. A hearty welcome will be extended to all.

—Reuben Heaton, of Snow Shoe, while at work in a coal mine at Summerhill a day or so ago, had his left leg crushed by a heavy stone falling upon it.

—The regular October term of argument court began Tuesday morning with his Honor Judge John G. Love on the bench. There are twenty-six cases to be argued and disposed of.

—Jerry Miller, a very competent barber from Centre Hall has charge of Frank Sasserman's shop while the latter is nursing a sprained arm the result of a recent fall from his bicycle.

—At a special meeting of the Logan Fire company held Monday evening, Geo Knisely was selected as a delegate to the State Fireman's Convention which meets at New Castle, Oct. 5.

—The great day of Atonement, one of the most solemn in the range of Hebrew festivals, began last Tuesday evening at 6 o'clock and continued for 24 hours. It is called Yom Kippur.

—Don't forget the festival next Saturday evening, Oct. 6th, at the residence of Burn Crider, on East Linn street. Ice cream, cakes, coffee, etc. Proceeds for the benefit of the home fund for deaf, aged and infirm.

—Persons who have been observing chestnut trees in this vicinity, state that the nuts will be unusually small in size this fall, although the crop gives promise of being large. The weather conditions this summer were not favorable for chestnut ripening.

—John C. Miller, the well known insurance agent has moved his office from its former location opposite the Court House to a room on the second floor of the Bush Arcade. The Howard Creamery Co., will take the room formerly occupied by Mr. Miller.

—Word from Irvin Gray, who was injured at the Lewisburg race track Friday last, and is now at the Sunbury hospital, states that he is getting along nicely and will finally fully recover from his injuries. He had two ribs broken, and was badly battered and bruised.

—The Republican County Committee have opened headquarters for the present campaign in rooms in Crider's Exchange. Competent men will be placed in charge and interesting literature will be found there at all times for perusal.

—On Saturday morning his Honor Judge Love granted a writ of habeas corpus in the case of James Keenan held for the killing of pretty Annie Hobbins at Gillintown last Wednesday. The writ was granted on the petition of Keenan's attorneys W. E. Gray and W. Harrison Walker. He will be given a hearing next Saturday.

—On Saturday afternoon at two o'clock the Dickinson Seminary football eleven, of Williamsport, will play the Academy team on the new football field at the new fair grounds. This will be the first contest between these two teams and a very interesting and exciting game is expected. The leading formations and plays of the "Big Four" teams will be used on Saturday. The trick work of the Academy boys is expected to off-set the superior weight of the visitors. Let the citizens turn out and encourage the boys in bringing such crack elevens to our city. There will be but one price of admission—25 cents, which will include the privilege of the grand-stand. Remember, the interest in a football contest depends upon how evenly matched the teams are. Possibly no more evenly matched teams could play together than the two which will contest on Saturday.

### COUNCIL MEETING.

**Bills Amounting to $2,096.23 Were Approved and Ordered Paid.**

The boro council met Monday evening at 7:30 with President Gerberich in the chair and the following members present: Walkey, Wetzel. Knisely, Houser and Derstine.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved and council then proceeded to consider the business before them.

Frank Galbraith representing citizens of East Howard street petitioned council to appropriating $25. towards digging a cesspool on ground belonging to Henry J. Tibbens into which the surface water from east Howard street could be drained. Citizens of the street promise to pay the balance of the cost. It is believed this would prevent the flooding of East Howard street in the future.

A pavement on East Lamb street belonging to the Cruse estate was complained of as being in a bad condition. Referred to street committee to investigate and report.

The street committee among other things reported the completion of the new bridge over Logan Branch at Willowbank street.

The market committee reported the collecting of $25.50 market fees through street commissioner Shaughensey.

Nothing of importance was elicited from the reports of the Fire and Police and Nuisance committees.

The report of the Finance committee was as follows:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bal due Trea Aug. 6, | | $8715.56 |
| Boro Orders Paid | | 1823.41 |
| Water " " | | 1131.97 |
| Interest | | 1762 50 |
| | | 13,433.44 |
| Rec'd from Burgess | $7.79 | |
| " " Mkt clerk | 36,90 | |
| " " Street Com. | .50 | |
| " " Finance Com. | 4 00 | 79.19 |
| Bal due Trea Oct. 1. | | 13 354.25 |
| Recd from Taylor Dup. 1900, | | 5.000.00 |
| | | $ 354.25 |

A new brick crossing is to be laid from Catholic parsonage to Nick Bauer's residence on Bishop street. Also one over Ridge street from C. D. Kriders residence to the Keichline properties on east Bishop street.

Mr. Houser moved seconded by Wetzel that the appropriations for the fire companies $250 to Logans and $200 to Undines be granted. It was so ordered.

Mr. Galbraith's request on behalf of citizens of East Howard street was granted. Water was granted to A. G. Morris for a stone crusher at their quarry on the pike.

The following bills were approved and ordered paid:

| | |
|---|---|
| McCalmont & Co., sundries | 5.80 |
| Potter & Hoy, cement for bridge | 89.10 |
| A. G. Morris, stone for new bridge | 28.90 |
| Thos. Shaughensey, mkt. clerk | 2.25 |
| H. B. Pontius, 1mo as clerk sundries | 13.48 |
| R. B. Taylor, coal for W. W. | 240.56 |
| W. F. Harris, pub. proclamation | 7.50 |
| Logan Fire Company, annual Appro | 250.00 |
| Undine " " " " " | 200.00 |
| Police Pay Roll, Oct. 1 | 37.50 |
| R. B. Taylor, coal | 182.52 |
| Board of Health, J. Folk | 5.00 |
| A. Baum, hauling engine | 12.00 |
| E. E. Ill Co. light for Water Works | 1.70 |
| E. E. Ill Co. light town buildings | 12.25 |
| J. S. Knisely, blacksmithing | 2.10 |
| J. L. Runkle, pipe, fixtures work | 30 00 |
| J. S. Knisely, blacksmithing | 1.45 |
| L. C. Wetzel, valves and fittings | 33.34 |
| Bfte Fuel & Supply Co. coal | 57.17 |
| Water Pay Roll Oct | 84.75 |
| Potter & Hoy, hardware | 5.22 |
| John Keichline, swearing in officers | 8.00 |
| E. E. Ill Co. | 366.91 |
| Jerry Shearer | 2.40 |
| Street pay Roll Sept. 5 | 76.37 |
| Police Pay Roll, " 15 | 42.50 |
| Street Pay Roll Oct 1 | 141.44 |
| Water Pay Roll Sept 15 | 97.38 |
| A. Allison, supplies | 61.69 |
| | $2.96 23 |

### A Quiet But Pretty Wedding.

Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock Miss Edna Harter, the bright and accomplished daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew H. Harter, who live on a beautiful farm about three miles north of town, was united in the holy bonds of matrimony to Mr. Frederick Stamm, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Stamm, who live on West High street.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. I. N. Bair, at the parsonage at Howard, after which a reception was held at the bride's home. The wedding and reception were quiet, and only the immediate friends of the bride and groom were present.

Both young people are held in high esteem by their many friends, who wish them a life full of happiness and peace. They left on the evening train for a short wedding tour.

### Unclaimed Letters.

The following letters remain in the Bellefonte Post Office uncalled for Oct. 1st, 1900 :

Harry F. Burkholder, Annie Cullinan, E. S. Hutchinson, (2); Mrs. M. Hoinregoss, Jno. Hoelman, Alonza Kerr, Mrs. L. B. Martin, F. B. Metzger.

When called for please say advertised

W. W. MONTGOMERY, P. M.

MARRIED—Tuesday morning at 8 o'clock at the Methodist parsonage on East Linn street by Rev. Wilford P. Shriner, Mr. Harry S. Rossman, of Coleville, and Miss Elizabeth McClellan, daughter of William McClellan. of Bellefonte.

—"The Bowery after Dark" will be the attraction at Garman's Opera house Wednesday evening Oct. 10.

### STATE DEFEATS W. U. P.

**One Thousand People Witnessed the Game On New Fair Grounds.**

One thousand people braved the rain Saturday afternoon to witness the first foot ball game ever played on the new athletic field at the Centre County Fair Grounds. The State College boys were pitted against the Western University of Pennsylvania's crack eleven.

The game was characterized by rough playing and frequent fumbling. The visitors were much lighter than State, but played so snappy and fast that they had the blue and white on the defensive most of the time. The visitors were within five yards of scoring twice, but State braced up at such critical points and carried the ball out of danger. Cummings made the first touch-down near the end of the first half and Scholl carried it over again just as time was called in the second half.

Wallace, Martin, Sterrett, Hockensmith and Hanson played brilliantly for the visitors, the latter's run of forty yards being the feature. Cummings, Scholl and Martin did the most of State's work. The line-up:

| State—12. | | W. U. P.—0. |
|---|---|---|
| Euble | Left end | Miller |
| F. F. Miller | Left tackle | Wallace |
| Scholl | Left guard | Hockensmith |
| T. H. Miller | Centre | Fry (Chessroon) |
| Dodge (Fugate) | Right guard | Sterrett |
| Yocum | Right tackle | Martin |
| Craft | Right end | Blevins (Jelly) |
| Hewitt | Quarter-back | Cullers |
| Bennett | Left half-back | Hanson |
| Martin | Right half-back | Paul |
| Cummings | Full-back | Cook |

Touch-downs—Cummings. Scholl. Goals—Martin, 2. Referee—C. E. Aull, Pittsburg. Umpire—Schoofstall, State, Timers—Foster, State; Wienchaus, Pittsburg. Linesmen—Kunkle, State; Turner, W. U. P. Time of halves—20 and 15 minutes.

### Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate transfers have been recorded during the past week by Recorder N. E. Robb:

Jos. W. Marshall et ux to Buffalo Run Presbyterian church, dated Sept. 7, 1900, lot in Benner twp. Consideration $1.00,

Henry L. Carlisle to C. D. Loraine, dated Sept. 12, 1900, house and lot in Philipsburg. Consideration $5,000.

T. B. Buddinger et ux to Wm. Cowher dated May 28, 1900, 4 lots in Snow Shoe. Consideration $60.00.

Lehigh Valley Coal Co., to Chas. Goodwill, dated March 6. 1900, lot in Snow Shoe. Consideration $40.00.

Michael Trubitza et ux to David Chambers dated Jan. 18, 1900, lot in Snow Shoe. Consideration $20.00.

T. B. Buddinger et ux to Anna Hanza, dated Jan, 18, 1900, lot in Snow Shoe. Consideration $20.000.

Lucretia Erhard et baron to David C. Hall dated Aug. 13, 1900, lot in Union twp. Consideration $5.00.

W. Fred Reynolds et ux to Wm. Colyer dated Dec. 16, 1897, 102 acres, 52 perches in Spring twp. Consideration $500.00.

A. R. Price to W. W. Price dated Sept. 22, 1900, 22 acres, 46 perches in Taylor twp. Consideration $500.00.

W. H. Denlinger et ux to Thos. J. Lee dated Sept. 15, 1900, lot in Philipsburg. Consideration $4,000.

Wm. Stanley et ux to Margaret Ann Quick dated Nov. 16, 1885, 1 acre, 148 perches in Boggs twp. Consideration $30.00.

Alice Miller et baron to Directors Taylor twp., school district dated Dec. 31, 1899, 1 acre in Taylor twp. Consideration $20.00.

Mary L. McMullen et baron to Tammie Musser, dated Sept. 6, 1899, lot in Millheim boro. Consideration $650.05.

### In Cupid's Net.

The following marriage licenses were issued during the past week by Registrar A. G. Archey.

Luther L. Weaver, of Woodward, and Gertrude M. Kerstetter of Coburn.

John C. Mulfinger and Jennie Knofsinger both of Pleasant Gap.

John M. Fulton and Lavina B. Shroyer both of Milesburg.

Randall H. Graham, of Philipsburg, and Dora Nicholson, of Keystone Hill, Pa.

Harry Stuller and Katherine Ardell both of Philipsburg.

George Deschambo, of Cross Fork, Pa., and Rebecca McClincy of Yarnell, Pa.

Samuel W. Rupp and Maggie Elmer both of Coburn, Pa.

Philip F. Stamm and Edna Harter both of Bellefonte.

Harry S. Rossman, of Coleville, and Lizzie McClellan; of Bellefonte.

Lee Greene of Brooklyn, N. Y., and Caroline Maude Thomas, of Milesburg, Pa.

### An Aged Lady's Death.

Mrs. Eliza Markle, wife of Jacob Markle died Tuesday night at 6 o'clock from Heart failure aad Dropsy at her home west of Pine Grove Mills.

The deceased whose maiden name was Eliza Duffy, was born at Lemont, Centre county, 71 years ago. She was the mother of 7 children two of whom preceded her to the tomb. A sincere Christian lady and a member of the Lutheran church. The funeral will take place this afternoon at 1 o'clock. Interment at the cemetery at Pine Grove.

—The passenger trainmen of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company doned their winter caps and uniforms Monday.

### PERSONAL PENCILINGS.

Gov. D. H. Hastings was an Altoona visitor Wednesday.

Dr. George D. Green, of Lock Haven, is visiting in Bellefonte.

Roger T. Bayard spent Wednesday with friends at Jacksonville.

Harry Benner, of Atlantic City, is visiting friends in this place.

Col. J. L. Spangler transacted business at Altoona Wednesday.

William Jenkins, wife and daughter, spent Thursday at Howard.

Miss Jennie Irwin is spending this week with friends in Jacksonville.

Mrs. G. A. Harbaugh is seriously ill at her home on West Curtin St.

Frank Patton, of Huntingdon, is spending a few days in Bellefonte,

Mr. A. Bowman Weaver, of Clearfield, was a Bellefonte visitor on Tuesday.

Register A. G. Archey transacted business in Philipsburg Monday evening.

Col. W. F. Reeder returned Wednesday from a business trip to Philipsburg.

Col. James P. Coburn and wife, spent Sunday at their old home, At Aaronsburg.

John P. Harris Jr., arrived home Thursday afternoon from a business trip to Tyrone.

Charles Larimer has succeeded John Laurie as driver of the Adams express wagon.

Miss Mame Andrews, of Lewistown, is visiting the Misses Smyser, of East Curtin street.

Joe Fauble, the clothier, enjoyed the Day of Atonement with friends in Lock Haven.

Col. W. Fred Reynolds returned home Wednesday morning from a business visit to Philadelphia.

Robert Garman, of Tyrone, spent Sunday in Bellefonte as the guest of his father Daniel Garman.

Republican candidate for Assembly, John K. Thompson, of Philipsburg, was in Bellefonte Wednesday.

Rev. H. C. Holloway, pastor of the Lutheran church, attended Synod last week at New Berlin, Pa.

Messrs. Charles Schenck and Arthur Buddinger, two of Snow Shoe's young sports, were Bellefonte visitors Sunday.

Mrs. Edward B. Rankin, of Harrisburg, is a guest of her sister Mrs. Wm. R. Jenkins, at the latter's home on High street.

Will McCalmont departed Saturday morning for Philadelphia to resume his medical studies in the Medico-Chi. college.

District Attorney N. B. Spangler was at Gillentown Thursday investigating the causes which led to the shooting of Miss Anna Bobbins.

Mrs. James S. Hower of East Downingtown *nee* Sallie Cochran, of Bellefonte, is a guest at the home of G. A. Harbaugh on West Curtin street.

Charles J. Taylor, instructor in plumbing and steam fitting at the Huntingdon Reformatory, spent Sunday with his family in this place.

Mrs. George W. Shoch, wife of the editor of the Mifflinburg *Telegraph*, is a guest at the home of W. L. Malin, on east Howard street.

Mrs. Fredericka Winner returned on Thursday to her home at Lock Haven, after a very pleasant visit at the home of her uncle, J. H. Sands, on Allegheny street.

R. F. Hunter and J. P. Harris, Jr., were two of Bellefonte's active young business men in town last night, leaving this morning for the Clearfield region.—*Friday's Tyrone Herald*

Miss Mary Harris Weaver left Tuesday afternoon for the National Park Seminary, near Washington, D. C., where she will resume her student work in that superior educational institution.

George Leathers, of Howard, passed through Bellefonte Monday on his way to Pittsburg, where he has accepted a position as passenger brakeman with the Pennsylvania Railroad company.

Mrs. A. S. Valentine, Mrs. Fanny Gainsfort, Mrs. J. G. Heylman and Miss Annie V. Lyon attended the 17th Annual Convention of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union at Unionville last Thursday.

Doctor and Mrs. Thomas R. Hayes closed their beautiful home on Allegheny street and on Monday left for Atlantic City where they will remain until cold weather sets in, and then they will go South for a month or two and later to California.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Chandler, of Wilmington, Del., and Miss Ida Landis, of Devon, Pa., are stopping at the Brockerhoff House for a few days. Mrs. Chandler was formerly Miss Letitia Landis, and they are visiting their old home here. They arrived Thursday.

John T. Laurie who for some time past has been employed as driver for the Adams Express Co., at this place, has received a just promotion. Saturday evening he received word to come to Brownsville, Pa., where he will take charge of an office for the company. John left on the 4:44 train Sunday afternoon and his family will follow in about 3 weeks. He has many friends in this place, who while sorry to see him leave Bellefonte, yet rejoice to see him reaping the reward for his faithful and industrious work for the company while here.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

No other aid so great to the housewife, no other agent so useful and certain in making delicious, pure and wholesome foods, has ever been devised.

ABSOLUTELY PURE

There are imitation baking powders, sold cheap, by many grocers. They are made from alum, a poisonous drug, which renders the food injurious to health

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

Miss Margaret Graham, of Pittsburg, is a guest at the Hastings home on north Allegheny street.

Mrs. L. C. Wetzel left Monday for Philipsburg where she will spend a week with her sister, Mrs. C. U. Hoffer.

Miss Anna Weber, of Howard, is spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Moore, corner of Spring and Bishop Sts.

Maurice J. Kelley acted as station agent at Lamar, Wednesday, in the absence of the regular agent Jno. Pletcher who attended the funeral of his aunt at Howard.

Messrs. Samuel Cherry and Clarence Osmer, of Bellefonte, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. M. R. Beck, East Bald Eagle street. They leave tomorrow morning on the "flyer" for Buffalo, where they have secured good positions.—Lock Haven *Express.*

### Bellefonte Contribution Acknowledged.

Mr. Isaac Mitchell, treasurer of the Bellefonte contribution to the relief of the Galveston sufferers has received from Drexel & Co. the following letter which explains itself:

PHILADELPHIA Sept. 26, 1900.

MR. ISAAC MITCHELL, TREAS.
Care Of Messrs. JACKSON, HASTINGS & Co.
Bellefonte, Pa.

DEAR SIR:—We beg to acknowledge receipt of your esteemed favor of the 25th inst. enclosing check for $77.13, covering subscriptions received by you from the Citizens of Bellefonte for the Texas Relief Fund, and hand you herein our formal acknowledgment.

The Governor of Texas has sent us telegrams and letters expressing his appreciation of what has been done to aid in the relief of the suffers in that locality, and it is a gratification to us to know of the interest that has been taken in this matter. Thanking you for your kindness in this particular, we are,

Yours very truly,
DREXEL & Co.
Treas.

This is the formal acknowledgement enclosed in the above.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 26, 1900.

MR. ISAAC MITCHELL, Treas., Bellefonte, Pa.:

Dear Sir—We beg to acknowledge receipt, on behalf of the Citizens' Permanent Relief Committee of Philadelphia, of Seventy-seven and 13-100 dollars from you, being subscriptions from the citizens of Bellefonte, for the relief of the sufferers by the recent floods in Texas, and the same will be duly acknowledged in the daily papers. With grateful appreciation, we are,

Yours very truly,
DREXEL & Co., Treasurers.

Since the above stated amount was forwarded Treasurer Mitchell has received from Miss C. C. A. the sum of $1.00. Any further contributions that compassionate lovers of their fellowmen may desire to contribute to this worthy object will be accepted by Mr. Mitchell and carefully forwarded on its mission of love and mercy, to feed the hungry and bind up the wounds of the torn and bleeding sufferers of that city by the Gulf. All further contributions will be acknowledged in this paper.

### A Card of Thanks.

Mr. E. O. Petersons wishes through the columns of the REPUBLICAN to extend thanks to the friends and neighbors for their many acts of kindness to him during the recent illness and death of his wife.

### The Westminster Confession of Faith.

At the meeting of the Huntingdon Presbytery at Williamsburg tomorrow, a decisive vote will be taken on the Westminister Confession of Faith. All Presbyterians are aware or should know, that committees for revision, several times in the past years, appointed by the General Assembly, have never agreed and as I think no committee ever will agree in any patchwork revising that remarkable statement of Christian doctrine and practice.

I therefore favor leaving it as it is and adopting a shorter creed, close as possible to "the glorious gospel of Jesus Christ," expressing the essential substance of that confession which I love to believe, is loyally accepted by the majority of Christian disciples today, in all branches of the one "holy Catholic church;" a majority so large that the minority is scarcely noticeable. I have no fears concerning the result.

Christianity in the Presbyterian church is not at stake or on trial today or tomorrow. As it appears to me, Presbyterian Christianity is stronger and now doing more than ever before for the uplifting of our fallen world.

I will add a word further, believing it to be true of too many of us what a saintly and very intelligent Methodist preacher recently said to me, "I believe that the greatest danger to our Methodist denomination today is *money*." Now, let every one who reads or hears what I am writing. "Search the Scriptures" and see what the great Apostle, "by inspiration," says to the young man Timothy about "the *love* of money" and a "seduction from the faith" in 1 Tim. 6:10. Yours for Christ and His church "always to the end."

R. CRITTENDEN.

### Card of Thanks.

BELEFONTE, Pa., Oct. 1, 1900.

The Daughters of the American Revolution hereby gratefully acknowledge the courtesy of the School Board of Bellefonte, in generously permitting the use of the public school building, for the Historic Loan exhibition during the Centre County Centennial, and they do further express their appreciation of the services of the ladies who made this exhibition such a marked success. The society also recognizes the valuable services of the Bellefonte public journals in gratuitously advertising the exhibition. To one and all who favored the "Daughters" with their presence, counsel and financial support in that undertaking, the society extends its most sincere thanks, and while the proceeds were devoted to the erection of the Soldiers' Monument in our town, the Society appreciated fully the generous aid of the public.

MRS. ISAAC MITCHELL,
Regent.
MISS BLANCHE HAYS, } Com.
" MIRA HUMES, }

—The fever cases in the vicinity of the Chain Works are all improving. The fall rains and frosts which must soon come will do much to destroy the fever germs, but in the meantime the strictest sanitary measures should be adopted to prevent the disease from obtaining a fresh hold. Lime should be used freely around closets and drains, and decaying vegetable matter carted away. This should be done throughout this section.